DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
Authorised Capital Rs. 50,00,000
Subscribed Capital Rs. 20,00,000
Paid-up Capital Rs. 11,30,000
Head Office:—
Devkaran Nanjee Buildings
Elphinstone Circle, Fort,
BOMBAY.
Branches at Thakurdwar, Sandhurst Bridge and Kalbadevi.
All kinds of Banking Business Transacted.
Wm. D. TENBROECK,
General Manager.

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 175 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURE WITH
REPRESENT
THE JUPITER
GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Estd 1919)
for
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR ACCIDENT & WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
"EWART HOUSE"
Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. 1.

Havoc In Germany: Berlin Marks Time

R. A. F. Smash Armament Factories

Turkish Traveller Reports Hamburg Port In Ruins

Britain Won't Capitulate To Nazi Threats–Halifax's Reply To Hitler

ISTANBUL, July 22.

Further details of the havoc wrought by R. A. F. air-raids of Germany was told to Reuter by a Turkish traveller, who has just arrived here.

He visited Hamburg, Emden, Bremen, Duesseldorf, Cologne and Essen and related that hardly a single factory remained intact in any of these cities. Hamburg port, he declared, was in ruins.

HE ADDED, IT WAS CLEAR FROM WHAT HE HAD SEEN THAT ONLY MILITARY OBJECTIVES WERE BEING ATTACKED AND A MAJORITY OF CIVILIANS HAD BEEN EVACUATED.

News Suppressed

NAZI AUTHORITIES HAD DONE EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO PREVENT THE NEWS OF DAMAGE SPREADING TO OTHER PARTS OF THE COUNTRY AND PEOPLE IN BERLIN KNEW LITTLE ABOUT IT.

POPULARITY WANING?

The traveller added Hitler still appeared to be popular in Nazi circles, but others are beginning to realise the dangers and difficulties of attacking England.

BERLIN MARKS TIME

Pending official British reaction to Hitler's speech, German radio propaganda for home consumption is evidently marking time. Care is taken neither to discourage any hopes which may exist for a conciliatory British attitude nor to conceal from its listeners the supposedly negative nature of British non-official comment which is described as "utterly lacking in understanding and sense of responsibility".

The invasion theme is not given much prominence just now in the home programmes—as distinct from the Haw Haw broadcasts.

English broadcasts from Germany on the other hand concentrate on intimidation of British listeners by more or less vague terror threats.

The Rome radio incidentally has of late joined hands with the Nazis in this respect. News bulletins in English are now usually pure propaganda, the talks resembling Lord Haw Haw's broadcasts in their invasion threats and attempts to create a division between "the British people" and its "plutocrat rulers".—Reuter.

BRITAIN WON'T CAPITULATE TO HITLER'S WILL

Halifax's Reply To Nazi Fuehrer

LONDON, July 22.

Lord Halifax replied to Herr Hitler's speech in a broadcast from London this evening.

He said Hitler has summoned Great Britain to capitulate to his will. "I won't waste time by dealing with Hitler's distortions of almost every main event since the war began.

"He says he has no desire to destroy the British Empire but there was in his speech no suggestion that peace must be based on justice. No word of recognition that other nations in Europe had any right to self-determination, a principle he so often invoked for Germans. His only appeal was to the base instinct of fear and his only arguments were threats. His silence with regard to the future of nations, whom, on one false pretext or another, he subjugated is significant.

THIS PICTURE AND THAT

"Quite plainly his picture of Europe is one of Germany lording it over these peoples, whom he, one by one, deprived of freedom. Our picture, drawn once again in bold outline by President Roosevelt and Gen. Smuts, is quite different. With them we see Europe a free association of independent states and because of that contrast we remain unmoved by threats.

BRITAIN'S ANSWER

"Hitler has now made plain that he is preparing to direct the whole weight of German might against this country. That is why in every part of Britain, in the great towns and remote villages alike, there is only one spirit of indomitable resolution. Nobody doubted that if Hitler were to succeed it will be the end. for

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 1.)

BRITAIN MINES IRISH SEA

To Safeguard Own Coastline Against Attack From Side Of Eire

LONDON, July 22.

The Admiralty's announcement of mines in the Irish Sea shows that outside Eire territorial waters, the Irish coast is mined for about fifty miles from Dungarvan to just south of Wexford.

On the English coast the minefield covers about 35 miles between Barstaple Bay, Padstow and Newquay, while towards the centre of Saint George's Channel the minefield widens to about 50 miles and continues in parallel lines, until entering Eire's territorial waters.

This makes it dangerous for ships to enter the Irish Sea or Bristol Channel at this part and practically cuts off part of Eire coastline. Ships proceeding from Falmouth to Bristol will have to go right round the Eire and Northern Ireland in order to reach their destination.—Reuter.

Incendiary Bombs Start Fires

Casualties In Raid On Scotland Include Fire Service Personnel

LONDON, July 22.

The Ministry of Home Security states:—

Enemy aircraft dropped bombs on two towns in South-east Scotland and on a town in North-east Scotland early this morning. Some damage, not of serious nature, was caused. Incendiary bombs were dropped but the few fires which were started were quickly extinguished.

CASUALTIES

Some casualties were sustained by Auxiliary Fire Services and there were also some other casualties. The number of these was very small in each case.

DORNIER SHOT DOWN

Early this morning Hurricanes of a Fighter Command Squadron shot down a Dornier off the South-coast and went to the rescue of one of its crew. states the Air Ministry.

The Admiralty announces that the destroyer "Brazan" shot down three German aircraft during the engagement. One crashed alongside, second received a direct hit in its nose with a three-inch shell, while the third received a direct hit abaft port engine.

In an earlier engagement His Majesty's ship "Beagle" destroyed a Junkers 87 by pompom fire.

NAZI PLANES BROUGHT DOWN

Two, and possibly three, Nazi planes are believed to have been brought down by anti-aircraft guns during a raid early to-day over an English South-west town. If these are confirmed, it means that 28 Nazi bombers and fighters have been lost in little over two days.

The total German losses since the air war on Britain began, now approach 200. Since September 3, Germany is estimated to have lost 5,000 planes and 10,000 trained airmen.

How Germans Sunk "Frossoula"

Details of German aerial attack upon Panama steamship "Frossoula" (1,282 tons) was made known in London.

"Frossoula" was bombed and sunk by a German aircraft on the evening of July 15. Eighteen of the crew left in two boats under the command of the Captain and the Chief Officer. Nothing more has been heard of the Captain's boat. "Frossoula" was nearly 300 miles North-west of Cape Finisterre, when she was attacked and the weather was very bad. Men were washed overboard from the Chief Officer's boat and others died of exposure. There were only three men alive, who are now being cared for in British hospital. "Frossoula's" last port of call was Barcelona.

It is learned in London that one of the Italian submarines destroyed last month was sunk by the Australian destroyer "Voyager."—Reuter.

HOPES OF UNITY REST ON SIKANDER

JHANSI, July 22.

Khan Sahib Muhammad Rafiq, who recently resigned the Presidentship of the Jhansi Muslim League in a statement regarding the exchange of telegrams between Mr. Jinnah and Maulana Azad, says that whenever any attempt to arrive at a Congress-League understanding was made, Mr. Jinnah by "dictatorial, arrogant and unreasonable attitude, banged the door to a compromise, spurned the offer and abused Congress leaders." This time he had insulted Moulana Azad.

Suggesting that Sir Sikander Hyat Khan should now take over the reins of the League. Khan Sahib Muhammad Rafiq declares that Sir Sikander will bring about Hindu-Muslim understanding.—A. P.

THE GAMBLER.

Frenchmen Under Nazi Heel

CUT OFF FROM HOME WITH VALUELESS CURRENCY

LONDON, July 22.

According to an uncensored despatch to the "New York Herald Tribune" from occupied France, millions of people, broken in spirit and doped with propaganda are groping about in an effort to reorganise their lives, says the B. B. C.

VALUELESS MONEY

They have little money, their homes either destroyed or inaccessible. French men and women live under restrictions such as they never knew before. All communications and transport are in German hands. German paper marks are in circulation but they have no value anywhere else.

For Attack On England

The German army is working day and night for an attack on England. Everything is subordinated to this work.

Food is getting scarce in France.

Resistance Not Dead

Inspite of this iron rule there is still an undercurrent of resistance. Several German propaganda posters have been torn although there is death penalty for defacing those posters. Many Frenchmen are still listening to London broadcasts.

There are still about 500 Americans and 600 British subjects in Paris but they have not been molested so far.

NO PRONOUNCEMENT FROM VICEROY WHILE IN SOUTH

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 22.

Details of programme of Viceroy's tour to Madras so far available show that His Excellency is not making any political speech in the South.

The Viceroy's public engagements include a tea party at Madras Cosmopolitan Club, lunch at Madras Club and United Planters' Association, inspection of military display at Wellington and meeting the Madras War Committee.

There may be informal talks but no public speech is expected to be made.

TOKYO CABINET

Ministers And Their Portfolios

TOKYO, July 22.

The composition of the new Japanese Cabinet has now been completed. It is expected that new Ministers will be sworn in today.

The following are members of the Cabinet:

PRIME MINISTER: Prince Konoye.

FOREIGN AND OVERSEAS AFFAIRS: Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka.

HOME AND WELFARE: Mr. Eiji Yasui.

FINANCE: Isad Kawada.

WAR: Lt.-Gen. Hideki Tojo.

NAVY: Vice-Admiral Zengo Yoshida.

JUSTICE: Akira Kazami.

EDUCATION: Kunihiko Hashido.

AGRICULTURE: Tadastsu Ishigure.

COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY: Ichizo Kobayashi.

COMMUNICATIONS AND RAILWAYS: Shozo Murata and

MINISTER WITHOUT PORTFOLIO: Nacki Hoshind.—Reuter.

Will Mahatma Attend Poona A. I. C. C Session?

Congress President For Wardha: Azad On Jinnah's Telegram

NEW DELHI, July 22.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, left this evening for Wardha 'en route' to Poona.

Answering questions put by pressmen, the Congress President said that he was not going to Wardha with the object of taking Mahatma Gandhi to Poona, though he wished that Mahatma Gandhi should be present at the Poona meeting of the A.I.C.C.

Maulana Azad added that he had received a letter from Mahatma Gandhi intimating that his (Gandhiji's) presence at Poona was unnecessary.

Not Sorry For It

As regards the telegram he sent to Mr. Jinnah, Maulana Azad stated that he was not sorry for it. It was his object to elicit information from Mr. Jinnah in regard to a statement issued by him earlier. Moreover, he had sent the telegram in his private capacity, not as Congress President.

ORISSA TANGLE

Replying to a question on the Congress party affairs in Orissa vis-a-vis attempts to form a Coalition Ministry in that Province the Congress President said that he had called for a detailed report from the leader of the Congress Parliamentary Party in Orissa.

DELHI MEMBERS ON A.I.C.C.

It is understood that the Congress President has written a letter to the Secretary of the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee asking the Committee to elect four members to the A.I.C.C.

These members will have the right of taking part in discussion but will not have the right of exercising their vote. A meeting of the Delhi P. C. C. has been called to meet to-morrow to elect these members.

From Poona the Congress President will proceed to Calcutta after the meeting of the A.I.C.C.—A.P.

'MODUS OPERANDI' FOR INDEPENDENCE

Poona To Clarify Delhi Decision Of Congress Cabinet

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, July 22.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru's speech last night, wherein he defended some recent decisions of the Working Committee, has given rise to considerable speculation in political circles here. Pt. Nehru remarked that these decisions would be reconsidered by the A. I. C. C. at Poona and as the Working Committee's decisions were always taken in the light of changing circumstances, there was nothing to prevent the Working Committee from changing its decisions in the light of new circumstances.

WHAT WILL POONA DO?

Two questions are being asked in some circles here: Firstly, whether the Working Committee is going to revise its attitude towards non-violence at Poona and back up Mahatma Gandhi's non-violence campaign and secondly, will the Working Committee modify its offer of co-operation to Britain made in the Delhi resolution in such form as might open fresh avenues for a settlement.

It seems quite certain that Poona will endeavour to secure maximum unity on these issues, while it may clarify the "modus operandi" of its demand for independence in greater detail.

It is considered not yet certain whether Gandhiji will attend the A. I. C. C. meeting but it is believed both Pt. Nehru and Azad will press him to attend in case he is disinclined to do so as, according to rumour, he is.

Bomber Turns Turtle At Juhu

Four Injured Officers In Hospital

BOMBAY, Monday.

The bomber which flew over the City this evening, scattering leaflets on the present war situation and Hitler's "peace" offer, turned turtle at Juhu on Monday evening.

The bomber flew low over the roofs of city buildings, and dropped thousands of leaflets in many of the local languages. Citizens in various parts of the city, children especially, had a merry time chasing the slips of paper as they floated down the air.

After it had encircled Bombay a couple of times, at about 6-30 p.m. the bomber attempted to land at the Juhu aerodrome. Due to a slight error in landing, it skidded on a muddy piece of ground, turned turtle and was damaged.

Four officers who were in the plane received injuries and were removed to the St. George Hospital.

Bajaj On Voting On Delhi Resolution Of Congress Cabinet

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, July 22.

The Meeting of the Executive of the Nagpur P. C. C. held at Wardha yesterday, heard from Mr. Bajaj the detailed account of the Delhi Congress Working Committee resolution and how the majority differed with great reluctance from Gandhiji's views.

The five who voted against the resolution were: Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Dr Rajendra Prasad Messrs, Shankerrao Deo, J. B. Kripalani and Dr. Ghose.

It is not likely that Gandhiji will attend the Poona meeting unless Maulana Azad presses him to do so. Moulana Azad is arriving at Wardha to-morrow.

KRIPALANI FOR POONA

POONA, July 22.

Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. is expected to arrive here on the 24th and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu on the 25th.—A.P.

Rajaji Leaves For Poona

MADRAS, July 22.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar is leaving Madras on Wednesday morning by the Bombay Express for Poona to attend the A. I. C. C. and Working Committee Meetings.—A. P.

SOVIET AND NEW CONVERTS

LONDON, July 22.

It is stated that the Soviet Supreme Council is to meet shortly to consider the proposals of Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia for union with the U. S. S. R.—Reuter.

(SEE PAGE 5)

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE-WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a fair and respectable Jain or Hindu virgin or widow (age not above 25) for immediate marriage by a gentleman of independent means, and income, and is a Gujarati businessman. Apply Box No. 13423, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted two Honorary Clinical Assistants Ear, Nose, Throat department. Apply Dr. M. K. Sathe, Honorary Secretary, Haji Bachualli Free Eye Hospital, Parel, before 31st July, 1940. (13457)

Wanted Bookstall Clerk for Belgaum. Cash Security Rs. 200. Salary Rs. 20. Commission on sales 2%. Apply with copies of testimonials. Higginbothams, Madras. (3011)

Wanted a gentleman to undertake premium collection work and attend to other office routine in Berars. Cash security of Rs. 1,000/- essential. Starting salary from Rs. 30/- to Rs. 40/- per month. One with life insurance office routine experience preferred. Apply stating age, experience and credentials to The Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., Asian Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (3008)

Wanted immediately junior Parsee or Goan Clerk, preferably beginner. Salary Rs. 40/-. Cash Deposit Rs. 100/-. Apply Box No. 13446, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted 18 Graduates, 9 Doctors, 7 Engineers, 5 Lawyers and 4 Clerks to apply to No. 13438, "Bombay Chronicle."

211. HOMOEOPATHY

Learn Homoeopathy or Biochemistry at home. Prospectus: H. P. Institute, (Dept 3.) 12A, Chakrabere Road, North Calcutta. (13379)

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION

People wishing to learn motor-driving in fortnight. Individual systematic instructions. Experienced teacher. Charges moderate. Apply Box No. 13450, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

BOMBAY CRICKET ASSOCIATION.

The EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the ISLAM GYMKHANA PAVILION, Kennedy Sea Face, Bombay. 2.

3020

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

(City Engineer's Department)
(Architectural Branch)

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the work of white-washing and colour-washing to the Municipal Acquired properties and ex-Trust buildings in the following two Divisions separately:—

(1) Division No. 1 comprising A, B, C, D & E East Wards, including Sanitary Institute Building at Princess Street.
(2) Division No. II comprising E, West, F & G Wards, including Matunga Leper Home, Kurla Deonar and Chembur camps and Bandra Slaughter Houses.

and will be received upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on FRIDAY, the 2nd day of August, 1940.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy by the City Engineer, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

In the case of a firm, the names of all partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Bombay, 22nd July, 1940. (3018)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 632 of 1939

ABDULLA ABDUL REHMAN ... Plaintiff.
V/s.
MAHOMED YUSUF KARMALLY ABDULLA...Defendant.

TAKE NOTICE that I will apply to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania on THURSDAY, the 15th August, 1940, at 11 O'clock in the forenoon (S.T.) for a Decree Absolute for Sale of the property at Kurla referred to in the Preliminary Mortgage Decree, dated 30th August, 1939, and for liberty to me to bid and for set off of the sale proceeds against the amount due to me and for transmitting the Decree Absolute for Sale to the District Court at Thana for sale of the property and for costs.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1940
ABDULLA ABDUL REHMAN
Plaintiff-in-person.

To: The defendant abovenamed. 3009.

351. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Toy balloon making from Latex. Tested and tried formula with complete instructions against V. P. of Rs. 25. All help given Box No. 13451, "Bombay Chronicle."

Collection of Rare B. Colonial Stamps Catalogue £350, Clearance Rs. 120. Apply Box 13449, "Bombay Chronicle", for Inspection.

In handwriting cases consult Charles Hardless, senior, India's First Handwriting Expert Address Meerut. (13447)

Public Notices

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

No. 12830 of 1940.

ELECTION TO THE SENATE BY REGISTERED GRADUATES.

As required by Statute 158(a), it is hereby notified that an election to the Senate by Registered Graduates to fill up ONE vacancy that will occur on September 22, 1940, by reason of Mr. K. T. Shah ceasing to be a Fellow under Section 16(1) of the Bombay University Act (Act IV of 1928), will be held in the Syndicate Room of the University on WEDNESDAY, the 18th September, 1940, commencing at 12 (noon).

2. In accordance with Statute 134(a) (page 52 of the University Handbook for 1939) Tuesday, the 27th August, 1940, is fixed as the last date for the receipt of nominations in connection with the said election.

3. Under Statute 137, nomination papers must be dated and signed by two electors and, where possible, must contain the names in full, places of abode and designations, if any, of the two signatories and of the candidate nominated and must reach the Registrar, **not later than 4 p. m. on the 27th August, 1940.**

4. Printed forms of nomination will be supplied to any elector on application to the Registrar.

5. Only those whose names stand on the Electoral Roll of Registered graduates on the 31st March, 1940, will be entitled to vote. The Roll will be available for sale at the Office of the Registrar at Rs. 5/- per copy.

6. In the event of the election being contested, voting papers will be forwarded to the electors referred to in paragraph 5 (supra) at least fifteen clear days before the date of the election. Voting shall be by post according to the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote and full directions as regards the manner of voting and attestation will be given on the voting paper.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
Registrar.

Bombay, 19th July, 1940. (3014)

Auction Sales

EASTERN AUCTION Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) at 11-30 A.M. (S. T.) at Maskati Building, Lohar Chawl, Opp. Harharwala Building, of complete bungalow furniture, H. M. V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington portable typewriter, Godrej Steel Cabinet, Safe, Chesterfield sets, Remington typewriter, etc.

THE SOCIAL FILM which every LADY MUST SEE
HINDUSTAN'S Refreshing Romance
SAUBHAGYA
Now 5th WEEK At
ROXY
Daily 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.
For Convenience of LADIES
During these Black-out days there will be a Matinee at 1 p.m. on Thurs.

THOUSANDS LIKE TO SEE IT TWICE
DNYANESHWAR
PRABHAT'S FILM BIOGRAPHY
10th WEEK AT
CENTRAL
MARATHI: 4, 7 P.M.
HINDI: 9-45 P.M.

LUCKNOW CYCLISTS FINED 'EN MASSE'

LUCKNOW, July 21.

Justice took a very speedy course yesterday in the court of Mr. Bishesar Nath Mahendra, a Special Magistrate of Lucknow, when over 100 cases were disposed of in two hours. The accused were cyclists who were charged of wreckless driving. The fines imposed by the court ranged from four annas to two rupees.—A. P.

Sen Gupta Anniversary

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The burning patriotism and tremendous sacrifices of the late Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta were recalled at the Keoratolla burning ghat this morning when the 7th death anniversary of the illustrious deceased was observed under the auspices of several Congress Committees.—United Press.

GRATEFUL THANKS TO FRIENDS

Mr. Tanubhai Devidas Desai expresses his sense of indebtedness of himself and the members of his family to the various institutions, friends and others for their condolences on the sad demise of his father the late Mr. Devidas J. Desai and regrets his inability to acknowledge individually the same.

OVER 1,50,000 PEOPLE ADVERTISE THIS PICTURE EVERYDAY!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR, And YAKUB.
Director:—MEHBOOB
11th WEEK AT PATHE
3-30. 6-30 & 10 p.m.

ZANANA SHOW TO-DAY AT 1-30 P. M. OF
HUNS' Popular Comedy
ARDHANGI
19th WEEK from To-morrow At
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7, 9-45 P. M.

MODERN EVE
Demands
INDEPENDENCE
of Choosing The
MARRIAGE-PARTNER!
Is Her Demand Desirable?
WAIT TO SEE
The Love & Life of
"ANURADHA"
"ANURADHA"
Coming To Town
VERY SHORTLY!

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TYRONE POWER · DOROTHY LAMOUR
JOHNNY APOLLO
EDWARD ARNOLD · LLOYD NOLAN
NEXT FRIDAY:
BORIS KARLOFF · BELA LUGOSI
BLACK FRIDAY

Demand For Vacation Pay

High Court Dismisses Teacher's Appeal

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macklin)

K. J. Majmudar ..... Petitioner (Original Plaintiff)
Versus
The Secretary, Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat ..... Opponent (Original Defendant)

The petitioner was a teacher on the Temporary Staff of a School controlled by the Sarvajanik Education Society on a pay of Rs. 89 per month. The petitioner had on 15th April 1935 executed an agreement to serve the Society for the next academic year. The petitioner alleged that this agreement was illegal and was executed under coercion and undue influence inasmuch as the plaintiff was threatened that he would not be paid his salary for the months of March, April and May, unless he executed the above agreement.

The petitioner further contended that the practice of allowing vacation pay only to those teachers, who executed the above agreement of service for the next academic year was against the practice of the educational department of the Government of Bombay, which, the above Society as an Educational body, was bound to follow. The practice of the Government was to allow May-vacation pay even to temporary teachers on the ground that an academic year began from the first working day in June and ended on the day previous to the first working day of the next year.

ANOTHER JOB

The petitioner, soon after executing the said agreement, resigned his service with the Society as from 16th June 1935 when he secured the post of Principal of the Sayaji High School at Baroda. The petitioner was thereupon refused payment of his pay for April, May and part of June. He brought the present suit in the Court of Small Causes at Surat to recover this sum of Rs. 225. The defence of the opponent was that the Society was within its rights in forfeiting the salary for those months because the petitioner had committed a breach of his contract to serve for the next year.

LOWER COURT'S DECISION UPHELD

The First Class Subordinate Judge of Surat dismissed the suit with costs. Aggrieved by this dismissal, the petitioner preferred the present Application in Revision to the High Court.

His Lordship agreed with the trial court and accepted the defence of the Opponent that the petitioner had forfeited his salary for those months by reason of his breach of contract with the Society, and dismissed the Revision Application with costs.

Mr. N. N. Majmudar appeared for the petitioner.

Mr. H. M. Choksi appeared for the opponent.

ALLEGED CHEATING & MISAPPROPRIATION

Case Against Temple, Thomas & Standage

Evidence regarding the numerous transactions carried on in the firm of Temple, Thomas and Standage, was tendered when Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, resumed on Monday, the hearing of the case in which Stanley M. Standage and L. Hudson are charged with the offence of cheating and misappropriation in respect of two sums of money amounting to Rs. 9,000 and Sir Richard Temple Bart, with abetment thereof.

NO REGISTRATION.

Mr. B. M. Mody Registrar of Companies, who was the first witness to be examined, deposed that about the end of October last year, one Mr. Screwala, came to see the file of Temple Thomas Standage Ltd. No such company had been registered. Mr. Screwala subsequently showed witness a letter head, showing the company's name and London address.

Believing, it to be incorporated outside British India, witness sent the company a notice under Section 277 of the Indian Companies Act on November 8. A reply was received from Mr. R. T. Karnik, Solicitor on behalf of Temple, Thomas and Standage. The reply stated that the firm was only a partnership and it was only recently that the idea of converting it into a private company had been mooted, and that the Articles of Association were being drawn up.

INCORPORATION CERTIFICATE.

The Memorandum and Articles of Association, signed by Sir Richard Temple and Stanley M. Standage were filed on November 15 and a certificate of incorporation was issued on November 20.

Mr. Mohamed Gulam Hussein Jaferbhoy, who was engaged by the firm for some time to look after the share department of the firm gave evidence regarding various transactions carried on by Sir Richard Temple and Stanley Standage.

Among the schemes discussed was one for the starting of a bank with a capital of Rs. 10 lakhs. Negotiations were going on with Mr. Huseinbhoy Laljee, who was to produce half this sum.

Sir Richard had also conversations with the Hon. Mr. Narandas Girdhardas of Madras to underwrite shares of a Gold Mining Company to the extent of five lakhs of rupees.

SALARIES IN ARREARS.

When the salaries of the employees were in arrears witness saw Sir Richard, sometime in February 1940 and was told that he had sent a cable to London and was expecting money. A couple of days later he was told that the cable had been wrongly addressed and had not reached and therefore another cable had been sent.

Questioned by accused Hudson, witness stated that he was also interested in the formation of a chemical company and that Sir Richard Temple, Stanley Standage, Mr. S. M. Kadri, the witness and one Mr. Sampath had signed an agreement in this matter. To the best of his knowledge Hudson was only a paid employee and had nothing to do with the finances of the firm.

Mr. R. E. M. Patel, partner of Patel and Ramdutt, share and Stock Brokers and Mr. T. T. Ruwalla, landlord of the Co-operative Insurance Society Building also gave evidence.

The case has been adjourned to July 29.

Around The Courts

BOMBAY, Monday.

Holding that he was bound to presume that the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta had sufficient grounds for issuing non-bailable warrants, as he had done, Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, directed Sagarmal Khemraj and Kalooram Hirachand, two Marwaris doing business in Bombay, to be sent in custody to Calcutta, to stand their trial on a charge of robbery.

Inspector Quil e of the Bombay C.I.D. arrested the accused on June 22 and 24, as they were found to have changed a thousand-rupee note, which is alleged to be part of the proceeds of the Calcutta robbery involving property worth Rs. 44,000.

Mystery Of Punjab Merchant's Death

BOMBAY, Monday.

A wealthy Punjabi merchant who had come to Bombay a week ago to spend his holidays with a friend at Colaba, was found dead in mysterious circumstances at the house of a local film star at King's Circle.

The unfortunate man is described as Raisahib Mulraj Ramchand Jolly.

The late Raisahib, it is learnt, came to Bombay last week from his native place in the Punjab on a holiday excursion and until last night was putting up with a friend at Colaba.

It appears that he left the friend's house a little before dinner-time on Saturday night saying that he was invited for dinner by one Chowdry Ratanchand, a resident of King's Circle.

A few hours later he was found dead in the house where he was supposed to be dining.

A significant factor which is connected the mysterious death of Raisahib was the equally mysterious disappearance of a valuable diamond ring worth several thousand rupees which he constantly wore on his finger since his arrival in the city.

The Kingsway Police have arrested on suspicion the host Chowdhry, his wife, son, daughter, and son-in-law, practically the entire family with whom the deceased was alleged to have been out dining.

The Police have also arrested a filmstar named Kaikhusro Ardeshir and his wife Luxmibai Kaikhusro, both of whom are neighbours of the host Chowdhry.

Investigations reveal that four days prior to the incident the deceased seems to have visited the arrested persons and at that time, it is said, he was seen flourishing the costly diamond ring. The brilliant flash of the unlucky stone it is suspected is the root cause of the tragic episode which ended in the untimely death of the Punjab plutocrat.

Yesterday when he went to Chowdhry's place for dinner, it is said, he visited Kaikhusro's apartment in the same building and ordered out some bottles of beer which were drunk in the company of the latter's wife. Following the drinking bout, it is learnt, he was given a 'pan' which he kept on chewing for some time. Soon after, Kaikhusro and Luxmibai got up and said they were leaving the house to go to the studio.

The deceased at this stage was feeling uneasy and asked to be allowed to lie down on a bed in the flat.

On their return Mr. and Mrs. Ardeshir found him dead.

The Police Surgeon could not find out the cause of death He has therefore sent contents of the deceased's stomach to the Chemical Analyser.

Pending the Chemical Analyser's report on the stomach contents, the inquest was adjourned.

SUSPECTS REMANDED.

All the five suspects were remanded in police custody till August 8 by Mr. G. A. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Police Court, to-day.

Two more persons were arrested to-day in connection with the death of the jeweller.

ARAB WOMAN STRANGLED TO DEATH

The inquest on the body of Fatmabai, a middle-aged Arab woman and resident of Dongri, who was found lying dead with deep knife wounds on the head and face on Sunday has been adjourned to July 24 as the police investigation is going on.

The Doctor opined at the 'post-mortem' examination held on her body that the death was due to concussion of brain and strangulation.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH VERDICT

The City Coroner recorded a verdict of death by intracraneal haemorrhage due to accidental fall from Kapol Nivas, Sandhurst Road in very advanced age, at the inquest on the body of Bhimji Anandji (72) a resident of Sandhurst Road who died in the Harkissondas Hospital on Sunday.

LIGHTING REGULATIONS VIOLATED

Fifteen persons were convicted for contravening the lighting regulations issued by the Commissioner of Police, and sentenced to a day's imprisonment and fines varying from Rs. 5 to Rs. 20, by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade on Monday.

SERVANT FINED FOR BREACH OF TRUST

Ananta N. Nayak, a servant in the employ of a Bidi shop-keeper who was arrested by the Maharbowri Police, on a charge of criminal breach of trust, was sentenced to one day's S. I. and a fine of Rs. 450 or, in default, to undergo six months' R. I. by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court.

The accused, it is said, misappropriated the money he collected from different customers as the servant of the Bidi shop keeper.

DEATH DUE TO DROWNING

A verdict of death by asphyxiation due to accidental drowning in the sea at New Marine Drive on Saturday was returned by the Jury at the inquest held on the body of an unknown Hindu mendicant (30)

MISRA ASKED TO EXPLAIN

PATNA, July 21.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, member of the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee in charge of Bihar and Orissa, has, it is understood, sent a letter to Pandit Godavari Misra, asking him to explain his position with regard to his move for a Coalition Ministry in Orissa and thus creating a split in the Congress Party in the Orissa Legislative Assembly.

The explanation is to be submitted before the Working Committee meeting so that it might be placed before the Working Committee and proper steps taken.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, who arrived here this morning from his native village will be leaving for Poona to-morrow morning. He will halt at Wardh 'en route.'—A. P.

C. P.-BERAR CONGRESS MERGER MOVE

NAGPUR, July 21.

The executive committee of the Nagpur Provincial Congress adopted a proposal that there should be one Provincial Congress for eight Marathi districts in the Province.

The proposal will now be examined by the Vidarbha Provincial Congress.—United Press.

DEVELOPING INDIA'S EXPORT MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 20.

It is understood that the Government of India have important proposals under consideration for development of India's export market in British Dominions and Colonies particularly countries like Australia and New Zealand. It may be mentioned in this connection that suggestions have recently emanated from commercial circles for the appointment of Indian Trade Commissioners in Empire countries.

FOREWARNED IS FOREARMED

A. R. P. Book In Marathi

The Safety First Association of India has just published a Marathi edition of the very popular book: "If India Is Attacked" which was published in English a month ago. It contains all the information in regard to individual and collective protection in the event of an aerial attack or naval bombardment. Among the questions it answers are (1) Should I stand up or lie down, if in the open in an air raid; (2) Which is the safest type of building; (3) What part of the house is the safest; (4) Is a basement a safe protection; (5) Is it safer to be in a building than in the open?

The civilian's best weapon is preparedness and confidence in the forms of protection. Readiness for attack is essential if panic is to be prevented and casualties to be reduced to the minimum. The present edition will go a long way in publicising knowledge on civil defence to a wider circle of people, whose mother tongue is Marathi. Forewarned is forearmed. Copies are obtainable from the Safety Bookstall, Electric House, Bombay. Price 4 annas. Postage extra.

WARDHAGUNJ, July 20.

It is understood that the Nagpur Provincial Congress Executive discussed to-day the political situation and the implications of the Working Committee's resolution.

The Executive is also understood to have discussed the question of enrolling 'Satyagrahis.'—United Press.

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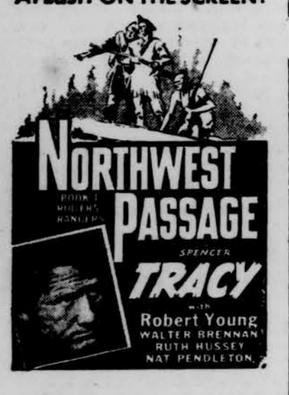

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 4, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 17, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 22, 1309
Hightide: 2-01; 1-22
Lowtide: 7-43; 3-2
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 18m.
Haj Committee, 5 p.m., Port Haj Committee Office.

ADI VASI SEVA MANDAL

A monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the Adi Vasi Seva Mandal will be held at 80, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay at 4 p.m. on 24th July, under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher.

BOMBAY KANNADA SANGHA

Under the joint auspices of the Mysore Association and the Bombay Kannada Sangha, Srimathi Shakuntalabai Nandavar of the Basic Training School, Dharwar will give a recital of some modern Kannada Poetical Compositions to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Mysore Association Hall.

BYCULLA CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The enrolment of the membership of 'E' Ward District Congress Committee has commenced and those who want to take Books for enrolment should take them from Committee's Office which is open from 8 to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) daily except on Monday. The books will be issued to those only who have enrolled themselves as Satyagrahis.

A.R.P. COURSE FOR DIVISIONAL WARDENS "B"

Lecture on "Behaviour and Essential Services" by Mr. A. S. Trollip, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m., Electric House, Fort.

LATE MR. HASANAND PAMNANI

Multani Shikarpuri Shroff Association has resolved to suspend business to-day (Tuesday) as a mark of respect to Shree Hasanand Pamnani, Congress M.L.A., Sind, who was murdered at Rohri Station, and to protest against such a brutal assassination.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL WORKERS

A monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Kamgar Sangh will be held on Thursday, the 25th July at 7-30 p.m. in the office of the Union at Parel.

Members of the Managing Committee are requested to attend.

HINDU DEEN DAYA SANGH

Fifteenth annual meeting of the Hindu Deen Daya Sangh, Bombay, was held at the Social Service League Hall, Chinchpokli, Bombay at 4-30 p.m. on 21st July. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai presided. The fifteenth annual report together with the audited statement of accounts was passed unanimously. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai was re-elected president for the ensuing year. A Managing Committee for the ensuing year was also elected. Messrs. B. D. Jokhakar and Co., Registered Accountants, were re-elected honorary auditors. Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai in his presidential address stressed the necessity and importance of taking care of babies discarded by the Society. He also announced donations amounting to about Rs. 50,000 for the Building of the Foundling Home at Matunga.

B. P. C. C.'S ADJOURNED MEETING

The adjourned meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held today (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m.. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

'G' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

A monthly meeting of the Council of Management of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee will be held on Wednesday, the 24th instant at 8 p.m. in the Committee's Office, Haji Abdulla Building, opposite Dadar Station (B. B. and C. I. Railway.)

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Flying Deuces" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Johnny Apollo" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"North-West Passage" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Too Many Husbands" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Soubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

VADNAGARA NAGAR MANDAL

Shree Vadnagara Nagar Mandal, Bombay, will award the following prizes to Vadnagara Nagar students for purposes mentioned against each in the examinations of the Bombay University mentioned against each.

N. R. Zala prize for obtaining highest number of marks in the B.A. Exam held this year.

Sarabhai prize for obtaining highest number of marks in Matriculation examination held this year.

Dolatrai Bhagat prize for obtaining highest number of marks in Mathematics at Matriculation Examination held this year.

Vyomeshchandra Pathakji prize for obtaining highest number of marks in B.A. (Hons.) with Sanskrit as voluntary subject and in the alternative for obtaining highest number of marks in Sanskrit in the Intermediate.

Shri Gauriben Hathi prize to lady student obtaining highest number of marks in Matriculation Examination with domestic Science or otherwise.

Shantalaxmi prize to a lady student for obtaining highest number of marks in Matriculation Examination in Sanskrit.

Maddalal prize to a lady student for obtaining highest number of marks in Matriculation Examination of S. N. D. T. Women University (Karve)

CITIZENS SECURITY COMMITTEE

A public meeting of the citizens of Matunga will be held at Nappoo Hall to-day (Tuesday) at 9 p.m. to consider the steps to be taken to secure the safety of the city in an emergency. Messrs. M. Y. Nurie, Haji Hashim Ebrahim and Purshottam Trikamdas will speak.

FEAST OF OUR LADY OF MOUNT CARMEL, BANDRA

On Sunday, the 21st instant at 9 a.m., Solemn High Mass was sung by Rev. Father Gomes and assisted by Rev. Fathers Vallad ares and Cardoz. An impressive and instructive sermon was delivered by Rev. Father D'Cruz on the significance of the use of the scapular of Our Lady of Mount Carmel and how it saved many persons wearing the scapular from the dangers of this life such as drowning etc., but also from the fires of hell. The Altar of Our Lady of Mount Carmel was tastefully decorated. About 150 members of the confraternity of Our Lady of Mount Carmel assisted at the sacrifice of the Mass. After mass the confraternity members were entertained to light refreshments in St. Aloysius School attached to Mount Carmel Church. Mr. J. M. Albuquerque who very generously defrayed the expenses was given a hearty vote of thanks for his noble action in making the occasion a success from the social point of view.

Indian Refugees From East Africa

MADRAS, July 22.

About hundred Indian passengers including women arrived in Madras to-day from East Africa. Most of them belong to the Punjab and other places in Northern India and will be leaving for their respective places in the course of next few days.—

The town and port of Rangoon have been declared infected with plague.

Air Raid Exercises On July 25

Instructions To Citizens And Expectation Of Co-operation

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

The Government of Bombay intends to continue the series of air raid alarm exercises commenced a short time ago. The third exercise will take place on Thursday July 25. The area of the exercise will not be limited to Bombay Island and the Bandra Municipal limits but will be extended to the whole of the Bombay Suburban District.

This exercise will be an advance on those that have been previously held in that no indication will be given as to the time at which the air raid warning will be sounded. Test reports of damage may or may not be required from various areas. Hence the Essential Services and specialised A. R. P. Services will not know beforehand whether they will be called upon to take action or not. If it is decided that certain areas are supposed to have been damaged it will be the duty of the Police and the Air Raid Warden Organisation to cordon off the damaged areas so that practice repair work can be carried on without interference.

The exercise will probably last half an hour as it is essential that the movements of those Services which may be called upon should not be impeded in any way by crowds emerging from shelter.

Its beginning will be indicated by the sounding of the air raid warning signal and its end by the "all clear" signal. The air raid warning signal on the sirens is a wailing sound continuing for two minutes. The "all clear" is a blast of the sirens of two minutes duration at a continuous pitch. Immediately the alarm is sounded, the police force and the Air Raid Warden Organisation will spread the alarm as quickly as possible. They will take action to ensure that the following main principles are observed until the "all clear" is sounded.

(1) Every person who has no duties to perform in connection with Air Raid Precautionary Services or Essential Services and who is within a building shall remain therein.

(2) Every person who has no duties to perform in connection with the Air Raid Precautionary Services or the Essential Services and who is in the open shall take shelter.

(3) Subject to the provisions of clause (5) below, all vehicular traffic shall pull in to the left hand side of the road and stop. All tram cars shall pull up.

(4) All animals drawing vehicles shall be unharnessed or unyoked from their vehicles, and shall be tied to the nearest tree, railing, lamp post or other fastening but if no fastening place is available, shall be tied to a spoke of a wheel below the hub of the vehicle from which removed.

(5) Only police vehicles, ambulances, fire engines and lorries, rescue party lorries, and authorized Air Raid Precautionary Staff vehicles, Salvage Corps vehicles, and vehicles controlled by the Essential Services and all vehicles which are the property of the Defence Services shall be permitted to proceed on the roads.

The complete co-operation of the public is essential for the success of this third exercise. Instructions given by the Police and air raid wardens should be followed immediately but members of the public will greatly facilitate the task of the authorities by observing of their own initiative the principles indicated above where official agencies are not available to give instructions. The public are requested to get well within buildings and not to indulge in "sight seeing" from doorways, windows, verandahs and roofs. Motorists should remember to shut the doors of cars they have left and before leaving should see that the engine is switched off. Passengers in buses and trams should leave them and take the nearest shelter. There will be a complete cessation of movement for about half an hour. It is not intended that train services should be suspended.

All persons are requested to give the widest possible publicity to the exercise. In particular, employers of labour, school masters and all others in contact with large sections of the public are requested to co-operate in making known the regulations to be obeyed during the exercise. Those who employ A.R.P. workers are requested to free them from their work as soon as the air raid warning signal is given.

REMEMBER THE DATE—JULY 25.

New Civic Guards

Out of 1,200 applicants the Selection Committee of the Bombay Civic Guards has chosen 517 men up-to-date.

These recruits are all now incorporated in the City's Police Force (as an Auxiliary Branch) and are seen patrolling their posts as and when assigned.

The Governor, it is understood, will inspect the Civic Guards on Wednesday at the Naigaum Police Maidan.

From the 29th instant, the Civic Guard Corps will, it is learnt, have to go on parade.

MR. BHATT FOR "A" WARD

Mr. Madhavial M. Bhatt is standing as a candidate for the by-election in "A" Ward. Recently Mr. Meyer Nissim resigned his seat in the Municipal Corporation and a vacancy has been caused.

Leaflets From Aeroplanes For Bombay Citizens

Microphones And Loud Speakers To Counter-act False Rumours

BOMBAY, Monday.

With three microphones installed in Fort, Princess Street and Naigaum and twelve loud speakers operating in different parts of the city, Bombay will be the first city in India to use the "mike" for conducting propaganda to counter-act false rumours in connection with the war. The propaganda campaign is expected to be launched by the War Publicity Committee in a short time, the installation having been completed to-day by the Chicago Radio Company.

IN ALL LANGUAGES

News which will be broadcast in Gujarati, Marathi and Hindustani will be carried on telephone wires. Loud speakers installed at 12 centres will relay the news, each over a distance of about two furlongs so that hundreds of citizens could listen.

A microphone installed in the Council Hall will relay news in Gujarati which will be heard through speakers installed at the Share Bazar, Jhaveri Bazar, Bhuleshwar and Dana Bunder. News in Hindustani relayed from Princess Street will be broadcast at Mohamedali Road, Babula Tank Road, Northbrook Gardens and Chowpatty. The Labour area will have the news relayed in Marathi. Loud speakers have been installed at Kamgar Maidan, DeLisle Road, Welfare Centre, Worli Development Chawls and Antop Hill.

LEAFLETS FROM SKIES

A novel method of propaganda was exploited by the War Publicity Committee, when thousands of leaflets were dropped over the city by a huge aeroplane, on Monday evening.

As the plane zoomed overhead raining leaflets, curious people clustered at street corners to watch the spectacle and as the leaflets came down they made a dash towards them. Those who could sprint fastest and those whose outstretched hands could reach highest, succeeded in grabbing the leaflets, first.

HITLER WANTS PAUSE

Many leaflets fell on house tops and tenants clambered over to get at them as quickly as possible.

One of the leaflets declared that what Hitler wanted was not peace but a pause to rest his armies and build up his resources and affirmed the resolution of the British Government to fight till victory.

Bombay Municipality To Have Its Own Dairy

Demand For New Station Near Kingsway Police Station

The necessity of having a new railway station in the vicinity of Matunga was stressed at the meeting of the Municipal Corporation on Monday when Mr. B. N. Meheshwari moved a resolution to request the representatives of the Municipal Corporation to represent to the G. I. P. Railway to open a new station in the vicinity of the Kingsway Police Station on the Harbour Branch Railway for the convenience of the residents of that locality.

Dr. J. V. Vora in seconding the resolution said that Bombay North was fast developing and adequate arrangements should be made for the convenience of the residents of that locality. Time was ripe even for a station at Dharavi and another at Koliwada.

The resolution was carried.

MUNICIPAL DAIRY

Mrs. Lilavati K. Munshi then moved:

That the Commissioner be requested to report as to the desirability and feasibility of starting a Municipal Dairy either within or without the City limits, reserving, in the first instance, the milk produced thereat and other products for Municipal requirements only.

Mrs. Munshi said that the Bombay Municipality was spending nearly Rs. 2 lacs a year to supply milk to the school children. Every day nearly 1,000 seers of milk was supplied to the school children while maternity homes and hospitals required about 700 seers of milk. She thought, if a municipal dairy was opened, the school children and the hospitals at least could be supplied with milk produced in the municipal dairy.

Dr. A. J. Collaco opposed the resolution and said public bodies like Municipalities should not indulge in business enterprises as it always ended in loss. It was just probable that the milk produced in the municipal dairy would cost eight annas a seer or more against four annas paid at present. He also enquires as to who would look after the buffaloes? (laughter).

Mr. K. F. Nariman: The Buffaloes Committee (laughter).

Mr. Suleman Darvesh, Mr. M. U. Rajab and Dr. S. P. Mehta opposed the resolution as impractical and uneconomic.

Mr. Mohanlal Desai and Dr. J. V. Vora supported the resolution which after being put to vote was carried by a large majority.

NO MUNICIPAL BAKERIES

The Mayor ruled out of order the resolution of Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar requesting the Municipal Commissioner to report on the desirability of opening a few municipal bakeries.

The Corporation elected Mr. Mathuradas Tricumji, the Mayor to represent the Municipal Corporation in the Conference to be held on 30th instant at Poona to discuss the question of enforcement of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1939.

The House then adjourned till Monday next at 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

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WEAR POINT No. 4

Perhaps you have two pairs of trousers made to each suit-coat, just because of this rapid wear at the seat. You can make your trousers last a lot longer by care. Treat cane-seated chairs with respect: have a thin cushion kept in those that you use regularly; some men spread a silk handkerchief before they sit!

Your tailor must cut the trousers exactly right. If they fit too close to the seat, or if they are baggy, unnecessary wear will result. A patch-lining of the same cloth as the trousers, placed so that its warp and weft run diagonally across the warp and weft of the trouser-seat, is a help. But of course the secret of long wear lies in the cloth. A first-class material, in which the yarns are evenly spun and woven solidly into a sound fabric structure, will give you long-wearing trousers.

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Governor At Dharwar

DHARWAR, July 21.

Sir Roger Lumley, the Governor of Bombay, made a short tour of Dharwar District yesterday visiting Gadag, Hubli and Dharwar and addressing the war effort Committees in all the three places. His Excellency paid a high tribute to the splendid effort put in by the District and said that Dharwar led the other Districts in the Presidency.

The Governor left for Belgaum by car late in the evening.—A. P.

A. R. P. Lectures

The National Indian Association have arranged for a series of five lectures on Air Raid Precautions for their members. Through the kindness of Mr. Trollip the lectures will be held in the Conference Room at Electric House, Ormiston Road, Bombay, on Thursday mornings from eleven o'clock till twelve, beginning on Thursday, August 1.

The lectures will be on the following subjects, though perhaps not in the order mentioned:—"Behaviour in an Air Raid," by Mr. Trollip. "Gases and Protection" by Mr. Khareghat, "High Explosion and Protection" by Mr. Khareghat, "Fire and Rescue" by Mr. Kup, and "First Aid for Gas" by Captain Vazifdar.

The members of the Women's Council and the Bombay Women's Work Guild are cordially invited to attend these lectures. If the number of women attending the lectures is very small the lectures will be discontinued

KHER SWEEPS KURLA STREETS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Broom in hand, Mr. B. G. Kher, former Prime Minister of Bombay, swept the streets in the Harijan quarters of Kurla, on Sunday morning. He visited Kurla with a band of 35 satyagrahis from the Bombay Suburban District and launched a "clean up" campaign in the Harijan quarters of the suburb. Several members of the Kurla Municipality and public workers joined in the cleaning up work which lasted two hours. Earlier Mr. Kher hoisted the Congress flag. After the time devoted to tidying the Harijan village there was also a demonstration of spinning on the 'takli.'

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Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1940.

A. I. C. C. MEETING

The forthcoming meeting of the All-India Congress Committee will be confronted with several baffling problems. Naturally, the first question to be considered will be the endorsement of the Delhi resolution of the Working Committee. Briefly, that resolution stated that if Britain immediately declared India independent Congress would whole-heartedly support war effort and that the Congress should help the people in organising themselves for self-defence against foreign aggression and internal disorders; the Congress in neither case being wedded to the policy of non-violence. The British Government have not yet made the declaration demanded of them and there are no signs of their making haste to make one before the A.-I.C.C. meeting. Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, who was present at the last meeting of the Working Committee, says in press statement: "Her (India's) independence to Mahatmaji was not a remote or problematical issue. A National Central Government was not a fib of optimistic imagination. If we paid the price of armed assistance to Britain for the acknowledgement of our independence status, the real position would be that India would be declared free". Gandhiji himself wrote immediately after his meeting the Viceroy as if an offer of Dominion Status were not a distant prospect and declared definitely that in the present circumstances this Status or anything less than complete independence would not suit India. However, as there has been no such definite offer yet, the question of its consideration will not arise at the A.-I. C. C. meeting. If an offer acceptable to the Working Committee should at any time be made, its acceptance by the Committee will have to be endorsed by a special session of the Congress.

Wanted Specific Programme

At present the A.-I. C. C. has to proceed as if there were to be no settlement in the immediate future, though the door would always be open for negotiations. As Mr. C. R. Rajagopalachariar says "a curse of bad diplomacy and wrong judgment is operating on Britain and as a result India is being dealt with in accordance with a mistaken plan at this juncture." The Congress cannot wait passively for an indefinite length of time for a response to an offer renewed repeatedly. What precisely should be done is doubtless not an easy question, though it is clear that there can be no aggressive nation-wide campaign of Civil Disobedience during the progress of the war. It will not do for the Working Committee to urge the people in general terms to prepare for a campaign in the future through the constructive programme. It will have to lay down specific detailed programme.

Volunteers For Self-Defence

The most embarrassing question before the A.-I. C. C. will be the Working Committee's decision not to confine Congress to a policy of non-violence in the sphere of defence against foreign aggression and internal disorders. This question cannot be avoided as the entire resolution of the Working Committee involving this decision will come up before the A.-I. C. C. for endorsement. We do not know what attitude the five members of the Working Committee who refrained from voting on this question at the Working Committee's meeting will now take at the A.-I. C. C. meeting. In any case we have no doubt the Delhi resolution will be endorsed by the A.-I. C. C. Such endorsement is implied in the demand for a declaration of independence. For the satisfaction of this demand necessitates the readiness of the Congress to accept the reins of office and help Britain in carrying on the war. The question of non-violence will need most serious consideration in forming volunteers to help in organising self-defence. Internal disorders are not likely to be at present materially different from those which Congress volunteers have so far faced. The defence volunteers, therefore, to be formed for this purpose should be on the basis of non-violence. Otherwise if there are two sets of volunteers in the Congress, one on the basis of non-violence and the other without any such restraint, the non-violence of the former will suffer. Moreover in dealing with communal disorders Congress volunteers must be strictly non-violent. It is much to be hoped that on this point at least there will be no two views in the Congress.

Additions To U. S. S. R.

The merging of the three Baltic States, Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia, into the U. S. S. R. does not occasion any surprise—not even the noteworthy fact that their Parliaments have almost simultaneously voted for self-extinction as independent and sovereign units. The Russian military move of a few weeks ago which was ostensibly made against the States to ensure observance of treaty obligation inevitably pointed to the present denouement as the ultimate, but not distant, goal. Russia has reached this goal. And if and when the Finnish Parliament also "votes" for a similar union, Russia will have won back what she lost in the last war. It is unnecessary here to analyse too closely the voluntary nature of these States' liquidation or to canvass the rights and wrongs of the action.

What is of immediate importance is the question: Why was this action taken so suddenly and what relation if any, has it to Herr Hitler's last speech and the developments in Western Europe? Apparently this may constitute Russia's answer to the Rome-Berlin plan for Europe. But if so, does it also imply that, so far as Russia is concerned, the Axis may have the rest of Europe? Germany will, we are almost certain, not react openly to the disappearance of these countries yet—for reasons which have guided her policy in Rumania. But the Russians are mistaken if they think that they have effectively neutralised the Nazi menace to them—it is inevitable—by marching into Bessarabia and occupying part of the Eastern coast of the Baltic in which they are clearly prisoners of the Nazis.

An Interesting Speech

As he said himself, General Smuts discussed in his interesting broadcast, two points; first, Britain's prospects in the war and, second, her peace aims. As to the first he was not unjustifiably optimistic. In support of his views he urged a number of arguments, particularly the decisive instance of the evacuation of Dunkirk. At Dunkirk the German Army and Air Force met, as it were, the British Navy and the R. A. F. and were well-beaten. That episode, General Smuts rightly emphasized, should serve as an answer to those who think that Herr Hitler will make short work of British resistance. As to the second point, British peace aims, General Smuts envisaged a society of free nations which will posses a central organisation equipped with the necessary authority and powers to supervise the common concerns of mankind. This is, of course, a noble conception against which Herr Hitler's alternative is only to be placed to be condemned. But if Britain aims at the establishment at such a society, why does she hesitate to give proof of it by accepting India's demand?

How France Fell

"Conspirators" In The Cabinet

By ELIE J. BOIS

(for 25 years Editor of "Le Petit Parisien") in the "Spectator":

It is not too late to throw fresh light on the astounding and apparently incomprehensible conditions under which the resistance of the French Government broke down. M. Paul Reynaud's resignation and the constitution of the Petain Government were announced at Bordeaux on Sunday, June 16 at about 10 p.m. Both followed on successive meetings of the Council of Ministers in which the question of capitulation, pure and simple, or resistance with the departure for North Africa was debated.

In order to prevail over that section of the Government led by M. Mandel, which implacably maintained that France must neither admit herself conquered nor break her pledged word, those who demanded an armistice had recourse during the evening meeting on Saturday, June 15, to the following stratagem: "Why speak of dishonouring ourselves?" they argued: "We are not going to ask for armistice. We are certainly not capitulating. We are merely going to ask the German Government to inform us of its peace conditions. If they are acceptable, that is to say compatible with honour, we shall communicate them to the British Government and we shall negotiate an armistice. If they are not honourable, then we will proclaim resistance to the end and the Government will go to North Africa."

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This trap, which M. Reynaud himself perceived only too late, allowed those members of the cabinet, who were hesitating before declaring themselves, to quieten their conscience and in the end the majority did not wait even for Mr. Roosevelt's reply to the new appeal by M. Reynaud. As for the instigators of this manoeuvre, they knew what they were doing. France was caught inescapably in the grinding cog-wheels of capitulation. On the teeth of those wheels she must be crushed.

For our part we were not fooled. I can see, as clearly as if I were re-living the night of Sunday-Monday, June 16-17, the colleagues of M. Mandel, Minister of the Interior in the cabinet which disappeared, arriving one after another at the Prefecture where he was being detained.

It was scarcely possible to preserve the feeble pretence that when Hitler's conditions became known the new Government would suddenly halt on the brink of abyss before casting itself over.

But the new cabinet did endeavour to put about this idea. Indeed, the Foreign Minister, M. Baudouin, gave this assurance to diplomats who sought him out. I have it from M. Zaleski, the Polish Foreign Minister, whose word cannot be doubted, that M. Baudouin declared to him formally on Monday, June 17, that the Petain Cabinet was in continuance of the Reynaud Cabinet, that M. Reynaud was entirely in agreement with him, M. Baudouin, and that the conditions would probably be unacceptable and that the departure for Algiers would follow.

"Frankly," M. Zaleski said to me: "I have received the impression that these remarks were 'diplomatic' only in the sense of the Machiavellian axiom that 'diplomacy is the art of disguising one's intentions.' But at such grave moments one is unhappily obliged to grasp even at words which one suspects to be only, as the saying has it, 'the caution of a troubled conscience.'"

The same line was taken by Sir Ronald Campbell, the British Ambassador, who in those dark days and nights did not abandon the struggle for an instant. I could say of him, as I said of M. Mandel. "He would have won if a man could have won."

But the sinister plot was so tortuous that even the Mission of Lord Lloyd and Mr. Alexander, to which Mr. Winston Churchill referred in the House of Commons, failed to unravel it. M. Baudouin told the Mission on Wednesday, June 19, the day on which Bordeaux was bombed, that the Government would leave next day, the 20th, for Perpignan and from there to French Africa. The Mission left Bordeaux believing in these fair words. I think that by the time they reached London, M. Baudouin's words had been proved false, but, as Mr. Churchill emphasised, this was certainly not because the amistice conditions were honourable.

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It is difficult to explain to foreigners the supremely important part played by M. Baudouin, who a few weeks earlier had been practically an unknown figure. It was known that there had been M. Baudouin, who was the Director-General of the Bank of Indo-China, but that this M. Baudouin should leap so swiftly into prominence in the State, that he should enjoy power of life and death in the cabinet of M. Reynaud, that he should be in a position to pledge the honour and very existence of his country as he chose, was, indeed, a conception that baffled all belief.

The only explanation was the hold M. Baudouin had over M. Reynaud and the support he was able to give the Prime Minister through his intimate relations with Italian circles. But the fall of M. Reynaud did not put an end to M. Baudouin's political activity. On the contrary it has substantially increased it.

M. Baudouin became indispensable to Marshal Petain and it is on him that by far the greatest responsibility for France's capitulation rests.

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Among the French Armistice plenipotentiaries to Rethondes was M. Noel, the former French Ambassador to Poland at Warsaw and later at Angers. In the early days of the Reynaud Government he had been pressed to accept the position of French Ambassador in Bucharest or Moscow. M. Noel, however, insisted that M. Zaleski should intervene at the Quai d'Orsay, so that he, M. Noel, might remain at his post in contact with the Polish Government.

M. Noel gave as his reason his desire to remain with 'the noble Polish nation' until its restoration. M. Zaleski made the "demarche". A few days later a French politician who had heard of this intervention said to M. Zaleski: "Why did you insist on retaining M. Noel with you as an Ambassador? Do you know why he did not wish to go either to Bucharest or Moscow? His "entourage" makes no secret of it. It is because he is certain of an early peace and hopes to be its diplomatic negotiator!"

After recounting this unpleasant story to me M. Zaleski added: "I understood that when I heard of the presence of M. Noel at Rethondes. All the same I do not believe that M. Noel was thinking of such a peace a month earlier!"

But this fact at any rate suggests pointedly that a conspiracy to bring about a Pax Germanica had been minutely prepared. M. Baudouin himself made his contribution to it when in a recent declaration, in which he displayed exemplary deference to the Axis, particularly Italy, he envisaged a future Latin Federation uniting with the Fasces of Rome and the Falangs of Spain, a France enslaved under the shadow of the Swastika.

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During those confused hours of that tragic fortnight, which will never be forgotten by those who lived through it, the conspirators—there is no other word—at times felt the ground tremble beneath

(Continued on Page 6 Col. 1.)

No Withdrawal From Br. Plan Of Defence

'C. R.' EXPLAINS CONGRESS CABINET'S DEMAND

MADRAS, July 22.

"The declaration of freedom that we demand does not mean a withdrawal from the British plan of defence. It means a free alliance and a partnership in a free atmosphere.

"Such a declaration will result in a better tie than coercive partnership imposed in spite of our repeated demand for a voluntary alliance in place of it", says Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, in the course of a statement to the "Associated Press".

OLD CIVILIANS TO BLAME

Mr. Rajagopalachariar says: "Press correspondents have been from time to time communicating what they call Simla reactions to the resolution of the Working Committee. The trend of these reports indicates that the older Civilians, who are in possession of the field, have been advising the British Government not to commit the mistake of acknowledging India's free status as demanded by the Congress Working Committee. If they advised otherwise I should be surprised. Their whole life-training is contrary to any bold and revolutionary step whatever may be the occasion that demands it.

"I am afraid a curse of bad diplomacy and wrong judgment is operating on Britain and as a result India is being dealt with in accordance with a mistaken plan at this critical hour. I am compelled to speak in this strain when I see such vast potentialities of moral and material strength so fatally neglected.

DELAY MEANS LOSS

"No settlement is possible if Britain is advised even now to abstain from acknowledging Indian freedom.

I do not believe that any proposal for settlement or any declaration of British policy would achieve the end in view, namely, general appeasement of public opinion in India, if no National Government is to be formed immediately at the Centre, on the background of the unequivocal acknowledgment of Status, which the Congress Working Committee has demanded.

To gain time is really to lose time, paradoxical as it may seem.

INEVITABLE

"Whatever may be the issue of the war and whenever it may terminate, it would be well for Great Britain to get free of the charge that India is one of her "possessions."

India is not going to submit in any event for more than a few years to the present system of tutelage and the refusal to make a declaration now will only mean embitterment without any purpose gained.

If the Congress Working Committee's condition is fulfilled, Britain will have at once a powerful and wholly regenerated India as a free and voluntary ally and at the conclusion of the war Britain will have no debit against her when the question of Colonies comes up for settlement.

NEED OF WHOLESALE CHANGE

"It has been made perfectly clear in the present crisis that those who carried on the governance of India till now, must be held guilty of failure of duty in the matter of efficient self-defence. Upon the basis of her own claim it was the moral responsibility of Britain to make each unit in the Commonwealth self-sufficient in those respects, in which, at a time of danger, it must be left without external help. Everybody is now convinced that British trusteeship has failed as a result of the distrust

(Continued on page 5)

Frankly Speaking

British Air Power

It is good to learn on the authority of the Air Correspondent of an important Sunday paper of London that British aircraft production now exceeds the rate of 1,800 machines monthly produced by Germany. This excess is likely to increase still more because of greater supplies from the U. S. A. and because production in Canada and Australia has only just started. But what is more interesting is the Air Correspondent's warning against complacency or any wishful thinking regarding Germany's strength or plans. Unless something extraordinary happens the air position is going to develop more in favour of Britain than in that of Italy. But he emphasises that the present German production "does not represent the peak obtainable" and which the Nazis are already increasing. Moreover, he warns that German attacks will come and "will seek to wear down our defences by their persistence and continuity". The Britisher is becoming realistic in its true sense. And that way lies success.

Nationalist Muslims' Support

The U. P. Azad Muslim Conference has only demonstrated its democratic character by supporting the Congress demand for a Constituent Assembly to frame Constituent Assembly. As the Congress has also conceded the right of the recognised minorities to formulate their own safeguards for their special interests, the Congress demand deserves to be supported by all minorities in the country. The U. P. Conference is not content with adopting the resolution in support of a Constituent Assembly but has also assured the country and the Muslims in particular that it will play its due part in the national struggle for freedom, as without a strenuous struggle there can be no real Constituent Assembly that can actually carry out its will.

Congress Women Mobilize

The formation of a Special Women's Department of the A.I.C.C. under the guidance of Mrs. Kripalani was a step in the right direction. Mrs. Kripalani has lost no time in preparing a comprehensive scheme for the training of women volunteers and for utilising their services for constructive national work and she is at present touring the provinces for popularising the scheme. Briefly put the scheme envisages the formation of a Women's Department in every province, which should work generally under the guidance of the Provincial Congress Committees. The main task of the Department will, of course, be to co-ordinate the activities of the various organisations working in the field. Regular courses are to be opened for the intensive training of women volunteers for Khadi production, for Harijan uplift, for village reconstruction and such other constructive activities. The women Congress workers of Bombay are understood to have already approved the scheme. We are confident that the lead given by Bombay will be followed by other provinces and that soon we will have a net-work of Congress women's organisations throughout the country.

Late Mr. Ukil

We regret to note the untimely death, at New Delhi, of Mr. Sarada Ukil—the eminent artist who was widely known in and outside India. Mr. Ukil was one of the earliest champions of Indian art and had made personal sacrifices for its revival. He had a broad and progressive outlook, an original style and had made valuable contributions to the growth of the school of modern Indian Art. His death, therefore, is a loss not only to the movement and institution with which he was intimately connected but it is also an irreparable national loss.

Our Countrymen Abroad

The above is the title of a recently published book by Mr. Dharam Yash Dev, Secretary, Department of Indians Overseas, A. I. C. C. It is a brief survey of the problems of Indians in foreign lands and being published by the All-India Congress Committee, it is an authoritative publication on a subject not well understood by the common people. It contains in its hundred pages all the salient facts and figures necessary for a fair understanding of the subject, and for the rest it refers the reader to a select bibliography. It contains an appreciative foreword by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

BUCHAREST, July 21.

Political circles interpret the statement in Hitler's speech that Russia and Germany had fixed their respective spheres of influence as a suggestion that Germany has no designs on Rumania which has been delegated to the Soviet sphere of influence.

—Reuter.

* * * *

A declaration of India's Independence, says Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, "is an essential preliminary to any other step we might take in the nature of co-operation" with Britain.

It's a good thing for Jawaharlal that the Qaid-e-Azam is indisposed.

* * * *

HYDERABAD.

"As an Indian Muslim I feel thoroughly humiliated on reading Mr. Jinnah's outburst against Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. If Maulana Azad can allow himself to be made 'show-boy' of the Congress I would like to know who is a good and honest Muslim in India", says Dr. Lateef Sayeed in a Press statement.—Associated Press.

We only want to add, for the information of the Qaid-e-Azam, that Dr. Lateef Sayeed is the author of one of the Pakistan schemes.

And we refrain from giving the obvious answer to Dr. Sayeed's question.

* * * *

In a cable to London, His Highness the Aga Khan, who is in Geneva (and Switzerland is bounded on all sides by enemy countries) says that he has so little money that he cannot afford to run his Rolls Royce.

We are sorry for His Highness. But the problem of conveyance is not so insoluble. What about exchanging the Rolls with a Ford and running it with the balance?

* * * *

According to Mrs. Kripalani (the wife of the Congress General Secretary) the constructive work of the Congress is specially suited to the genius of woman.

If this is a hint, we—er—er—sympathise with Mr. J. B. Kripalani.

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The Parliaments of Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia have all unanimously decided to join the U. S. S. R.

Three cheers for—but what?

* * * *

There is identity of views between the Junior Colleague and ourselves as to the fact that this is comrade Stalin's REPLY.

But then arises an important difference.

Is it a Reply to those who had accused comrade Stalin of Imperialist adventures? (Junior Colleague).

OR

Is it or a Reply to Herr Hitler?

* * * *

Herr Hitler has promoted Herr von Ribbentrop from a Group Leader of the Black Guards to a Senior Group Leader.

Von Ribbentrop certainly deserves to be a Senior Group Leader of—it's a matter of how you write it.

* * * *

'A case of love at first sight, I suppose?'

'No—second sight. The first time he saw her he didn't know she was an heiress.'

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Lots of men fall in love with the figure of an heiress.

✦ ✦ ✦

When a married woman loses her temper, her husband usually finds it.

✦ ✦ ✦

All you have to do to stir up trouble is to tell the truth on all occasions.

✦ ✦ ✦

Some women have to do a lot of talking in order to explain what they have been talking about.

✦ ✦ ✦

Many a man would be troubled with chronic insomnia if he knew what other people know about him.

✦ ✦ ✦

When a woman goes visiting nothing hurts her so much as her inability to impress upon her hostess the idea that she is used to something better at home.

We welcome the announcement that this is the first of a series of pamphlets that the "Indian Overseas" Department of the A. I. C. C. proposes to bring out and that in the subsequent publications each country will be dealt with separately and in greater detail.

Pan-American Plan To Counter 'Hitler Raj'

Move To 'Seize' Possessions Of Nazi-Occupied Countries

Havana Conference To Consider Proposal: Joint Protectorate To Be Established By 21 States

NEW YORK July 21.

The Pan-American Conference attended by representatives of 21 American Republics, which opened in Havana to-day will get down to its first real business to-morrow when statements will be made by Mr. Cordell Hull and heads of Cuban and Paraguayan delegations.

To-day's proceedings consisted of formal opening ceremony in Cuba's new capital and welcoming address by the Cuban President Frederico Laredo Bru.

The Pan-American Conference was convened by the United States primarily to consider questions arising from the European war.

Subjects expected to be discussed include a proposal that a joint protectorate should be established by 21 Republics over the Western Hemisphere possessions of Nazi-occupied countries and a United States plan to form a Pan-American cartel to dispose of surplus products of American States.

Informal private discussions among the delegates have already revealed some problems facing the Conference.

The Havana correspondent of the "New York Times" says: Evidently the delegates will attempt to co-operate to the fullest extent in keeping the Western Hemisphere at peace, but from the standpoint of economic and political unity undoubtedly the two Americans still exist.

South American delegates are anxious to consider any United States proposal that might solve the problem of lost markets owing to the European war, but some scepticism is noted with regard to the practicability of the United States plan.

The New York "Herald Tribune" says that many Latin Americans are convinced that only a miracle of statesmanship can produce any tangible results.—Reuter.

More Lending Capacity For Export And Import Bank

WASHINGTON, July 22.

President Roosevelt has recommended to the Congress an increase of 500 million dollars in the lending capacity of the Export and Import Bank to enable the bank to assist in the disposition of surplus commodities of Latin-American nations.

Mr. Roosevelt has also proposed that restrictions on the Bank's lending powers should be removed.

To Keep Out Totalitarians

The President's move is expected materially to assist the deliberations of the Pan-American Conference at Havana.

It is regarded as a further step in the plan to form a Pan-American Cartel to dispose of the surplus products of certain American States and keep Totalitarian powers out of South America.—Reuter.

CONGO STANDS BY BRITAIN

Belgian Colony Determined To Fight For Liberation Of Motherland

ELISABETHVILLE (Congo). July 21.

Broadcasting on the occasion of Belgian National Festival, the Governor-General Ryckmans expressed the inflexible determination of Congo to stand by Britain and the British Empire until victory was achieved.

Congo, he said, would place all its resources, its army, its raw materials and its labour at the disposal of Britain in order to play its part in Belgium's liberation.—Reuter.

LEAGUE AND WAR

Jinnah's Command To Muslim Leaguers

PATNA, July 22.

"Adequate disciplinary action must be taken against those, who have acted in contravention to the resolution of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League irrespective of their position and status," says Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League in reply to Khan Mohd. Ismail, President of the Provincial League, who had written to the League President suggesting that disciplinary action should be taken against all those League members, who had joined the different War Committees.

It is understood that Khan Bahadur Ismail has sent the extracts from the letter of the League President to-day to Lady Imam, Vice-President of the Provincial Muslim League, and other League members, who have joined the War Committees requesting them to withdraw from the War Committees by July 30.—A.P.

"DAUGHTER OF IND"

(From A Correspondent)

Those who have had a glimpse of the dress rehearsal of what the promotors are describing as "Bombay's most interesting endeavour" is the production of Mr. Fyzee-Rahamin's play "Daughter of Ind".

One who saw the dress rehearsal was somewhat struck with the entertainment qualities of Mr. Rahamin's play, the brilliance of the settings that have been designed for it, the colourful costumes, and the dialogue, which is "witty and charming, and has a quality of its own in dealing with a theme of particular interest to Bombay audiences." Music and dancing by well-known Indian artists arranged by Atiya Begum brighten the action, and touches of age-old folklore "lend the idyll a memorable atmosphere that sets a new standard in Bombay stage entertainment".

The opening performance will take place on July 26th. at the Capitol, and the play will be repeated on the three following nights. Booking is now open at Rose's and at the Capitol, and first nighters who are particular about their seats had better hurry.

80 PLANES ATTACK CHANNEL SHIPPING

LONDON, July 22.

The Air Ministry announces that six Hurricanes fought 80 German bombers and fighters which were attacking shipping over the Channel yesterday afternoon. They shot down one Messerschmidt and damaged several other raiders.

24 Nazi Planes Brought Down In Two Days

The Air Ministry announced this morning that the latest reports show that nine more enemy aircraft—two bombers and seven fighters—were destroyed during Saturday's air battles around the British coasts.

Enemy Bomber Shot Down

LONDON, July 22.

The Air Ministry announces that an enemy bomber was shot down by fighters of the R. A. F. off the south-east coast early this morning.—Reuter.

NO WITHDRAWAL FROM BR. PLAN OF DEFENCE

(Continued from Page 4.)

on which British Indian policy was based. While the military policy was adequate enough to defend British interests in India against internal disorders, it was utterly inadequate for every other purpose. It has enfeebled the whole nation, creating a psychology of helplessness. The people of India, therefore, have a right even on this narrow ground to claim a change of machinery. Hence the demand for a National Government so that the whole psychology may be changed.

WHAT CONGRESS WANTS

"The Declaration of Freedom that we demand does not mean a withdrawal from the British plan of defence. It means a free alliance and a partnership in a free atmosphere. Such a declaration will result in a better tie than coercive partnership imposed in spite of our repeated demand for a voluntary alliance in the place of it.

"This is not the time to raise bogeys of Musalmans, Depressed Classes, Indian States and Liberals, as if they had conflicting interests of any kind in this crisis. Indian freedom will not and cannot drive them to the enemy's camp as against Britain and India combined.

DYARCHY WON'T DO.

"It is possible for a National Government at the Centre and Responsible Governments in the Provinces to work with the permanent Public Service, in which Britishers with fundamentally conflicting political tendencies now dominate. But it is certainly not possible to divide Government responsibilities between the Permanent Service and those who are responsible to popular representatives and to the people behind them. Experienced members of the Executive Council of the Viceroy can be of the greatest assistance as members of the Permanent Service, but a mixed Cabinet would mean conflict and indecision, besides being meaningless in a scheme of responsibility. It is not for places that India is thirsting but for self-government. On this point, opinion is solidly in favour of the Congress position even among circles far away from the Congress mentality.

NO CONFLICT

"The States question should simply be put aside for the present, as it has been actually done, apart from the Congress claim and for other reasons. It requires a stretch of imagination to identify the Indian States with a campaign for the defence of democracy, as the war is claimed to be. The support obtained from Indian Rajas is based on a different and opposite motive or rather is the result only of the circumstances of actual authority. When a National Government is formed for the British Provinces, there can be no difficulty on account of the States. There can be no conflict in the matter of defence between the Indian States and the National Government and it would pave the way for a settlement of all outstanding questions in the immediate future.

DECLARATION FIRST

"The old ideas as to the advantages of Dominion Status and even the Constitutional meaning of Dominion Status have no validity after this war. There are some people, who fallaciously argue that Independence is a danger, as if Holland and Belgium would not have been subjected to the present catastrophe, if they had been members of the British Commonwealth of Nations. Both strength and alliance are wholly independent of such status. De Valera's Ireland and General Hertzog's South Africa are in the Commonwealth and yet neither of them would be better than what a free India would be. An unequivocal declaration of Indian freedom is the best policy as well as the only just solution.

"It is not possible for the Congress or any other public organisation to make any effective nation-wide appeal for sacrifice and reorganisation without the clearest declaration that what has to be defended and sacrificed for is a Free India. It is an enabling condition for the fulfilment of a grave duty, over which there is no time to be lost and when the occasion demands effective action.

"On the other hand, given that condition, the appeal of the Congress would arouse the most widespread and enthusiastic response in all aspects of the programme of defence."—A.P.

Constituent Assembly Plan

Nationalist Muslims' Resolution On Future Constitution

LUCKNOW, July 22.

The U. P. Azad Muslim Conference, which concluded its two-day session yesterday, adopted a resolution stating that in any future constitution of India, the adult population of India without any distinction of caste or creed should function through a constituent assembly.

It further stated that such an assembly could only come into existence through a national struggle and with the accession of strength of the masses. The resolution assured fullest possible support to Muslims to carry such a struggle to a successful conclusion.—A. P.

"SALMON" FEARED LOST

Submarine That Let German Liner Go Free And Honoured International Law

LONDON, July 21.

The Admiralty announce that the submarine "Salmon" (Commander Bickford) is considerably overdue and must be presumed lost.

It will be recalled that the "Salmon" was the submarine which allowed the German liner "Bremen" to go free because she could not have sunk her without infringing the International Law.

She figured in an earlier engagement with German warships and is believed to have hit the "Leipzig" and the "Bluecher" with torpedoes.—Reuter.

Stern Measures In Sind

Cabinet's Deliberations For Stemming Lawlessness In Province

KARACHI, July 22.

The Sind Cabinet continued deliberation this morning with regard to formulation of measures "by stemming the growing lawlessness in the Province."

It is stated in informed circles that some strong measures are contemplated. It is understood the rounding up of bad characters in Upper Sind in the first instance, followed by suspension of arms licences to suspected persons and warning to and binding down certain influential Zamindars and Pirs for the maintenance of peace in villages will precede sterner measures in this direction.

ALLAHBUX AND HIS FOLLOWERS

Join Ministerialists To Strengthen Govt.

KARACHI, July 22.

Following conversations between Ministerialists and Oppositionists, Khan Bahadur Allahbux, leader of the Opposition, announced that he was joining Ministerialists along with his followers in view of the serious condition prevailing in the Province, which he characterised as a terrorist movement.

He explained he had taken this step to strengthen the hands of the Government to firmly deal with the situation and would continue to extend support to the Government till normal condition was restored.—A. P.

Ex-Premier Of N. S. Wales

LONDON, July 22.

The death has occurred of Sir George Fuller, a former Premier of New South Wales.—Reuter.

Russia's Victory Without Loss Of Blood

Estonia, Latvia And Lithuania Become Soviet Republics: Will Rumania Fall In Line?

BUCHAREST, July 22.

Political circles interpret the statement in Hitler's speech that Russia and Germany had fixed their respective sphere of influence as a suggestion that Germany has no designs on Rumania which has been delegated to the Soviet sphere of influence.

Reports from three capitals Tallinn, Kaunas and Riga, state that mass demonstrations favouring the decision of the Parliaments of Estonia, Lithuania and Latvia to become Soviet Republics were held last night.

The decisions mean that without shedding a drop of blood Russia has added over 60,000 square miles to its territory and has increased the population of the U.S.S.R. by nearly six million and has gained 75 miles of the Baltic coast line with important ice-free ports.

Russia has a new 120 miles frontier with Germany along the Lithuania-East Prussia border.—Reuter.

Latvia Lithuania And Estonia Join Soviet

BERLIN, July 21.

Confirmation has been received from Reuter's correspondents in Tallinn, Kaunas and Riga of the reports that the Parliaments of Estonia, Lithuania and Latvia have proclaimed themselves to be Socialist Soviet Republic.—

Latvia decided to become a Soviet Republic and join the Soviet Union by a unanimous vote of the Latvian Parliament today, states the German News Agency Riga Correspondent.

Gibraltar, Suez And Aden Left Unapproached

The Special Correspondent of the "Daily Express" cables from Cairo:

BRITAIN'S MEDITERRANEAN FLEET TO-DAY HOLDS SUCH MASTERY OVER MUSSOLINI'S NAVY THAT OUR CONVOY ROUTES FROM ADEN THROUGH SUEZ TO GIBRALTAR—JUDGED "IMPOSSIBLE" WHEN FRANCE CAVED IN—ARE AGAIN VIRTUALLY UNDISPUTED.

THREE WEEKS' EXERCISE OF THE NAVY'S AGGRESSIVE FIGHTING SPIRIT HAS WROUGHT THIS CHANGE IN THE MEDITERRANEAN BALANCE OF POWER DESPITE ROME'S FANTASTIC BOASTS—REPEATED TO-NIGHT—THAT BRITISH SEA POWER IS NO MORE.

WHEN FRANCE COLLAPSED ROME CLAIMED: "ENGLAND NO LONGER EXISTS ON OUR SEA—THE MEDITERRANEAN. RECENT NAVAL BATTLES HAVE ESTABLISHED OUR COMPLETE SUPREMACY OVER THE BRITISH FLEET. IN A FEW DAYS TIME WE WILL TAKE MALTA."

But with the French situation now cleared the British Naval chiefs meeting at Alexandria to plan new attacks against the Italians can look back on a series of brilliant achievements which have transformed the perilous situation created by Marshal Petain's surrender.

TOBRUK HARBOUR SUFFERS HEAVILY

R. A. F. Raids Over Italian Possessions In Africa

CAIRO, July 22.

Tobruk Harbour and Elgubbi Aerodrome "suffered considerably during the week end, when they were revisited by R. A. F., Bombers according to an R. A. F. communique.

The communique adds: "Three fires were started at Elgubbi, one of which was seen over six miles away. The enemy carried out raids on Sidi Barrani, Sollum, Mersa Matruth and Fuka. There were no R. A. F. casualties and damage was slight."

RAIDS ON MALTA.

Details of the latest raids on Malta given in a communique show that a formation of Italian bombers supported and protected by "a large force of fighters" raided the Island twice. One bomber is believed to have been vitally hit by anti-aircraft fire. Subsequently one British aircraft is reported to have found the wreckage of this machine floating in the sea. British aircraft were attacked while searching for the disabled Italian bomber by two fighters, one of which was shot down, the other making off.

The communique states that shipping at Tobruk was damaged, a fire caused on a jetty and a direct hit registered on a large crane.

Military targets at Bardia were also attacked successfully.

IN THE SUDAN.

In the Sudan R. A. F. bombers pressed home determined attacks on an aerodrome and the surrounding buildings. The bombing was accurate and direct hits were registered on a group of three hangars and buildings.

All the aircraft returned safely.

The aerodrome at Barentu between Massawa and Kassala was attacked. An ammunition dump and naval stores at Assab were twice raided by R. A. F. bombers with some success. Over a wide area aircraft of the South African Air Force and a Southern Rhodesian Squadron carried out valuable reconnaissances at the same time attacking any motor transport and other military targets discovered.—Reuter.

Planes Raiding Malta Shot Down

MALTA, July 22.

There were three air raids here this morning. Bombs were dropped but there was no damage and no casualties.

One enemy machine was brought down in the sea by anti-aircraft fire and another is also considered destroyed by British machine.—Reuter.

BENGAL M. L. C. ARRESTED

Under Defence Of India Rules

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Mr. Moazzam Ali Choudhury (alias Lal Mia), a member of the Bengal Legislative Council (Independent), was arrested to-night under the Defence of India Rules.

Holwell Satyagraha

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The 36 Satyagrahis arrested between July 19 and 21 in connection with the movement for the removal of the Holwell Monument were sentenced to-day to nine months' rigorous imprisonment each by a Magistrate in the Bankshall Street Police Court under the Defence of India Rules.—

'HOLWELL' SATYAGRAHIS ARRESTED

In connection with the Holwell Monument agitation the police arrested this afternoon 25 Satyagrahis in one batch.—A. P.

ADJOURNMENT ON "ASSAULT ON STUDENTS"

Hashmey's Motion For Bengal Assembly

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Mr. Jalaluddin Hashmey, member of the Krishak-Proja Party, has tabled an adjournment motion for discussion in the Bengal Legislative Assembly to-morrow "the serious assault made by the police on the students as well as the professors of the Islamia College by entering the compound as well as the class rooms".—United Press.

New Address Of Controller Of Enemy Firms

BOMBAY, July 22.

The offices of the Controller of Enemy firms, Controller of Enemy Trading, and Custodian of Enemy Property will be moved from the Reserve Bank Building, Bombay, to Contractor Building, Ballard Estate, Bombay on the first of August, 1940, says a Press Note.—

(SEE PAGE 8)

FRANCO-U. S. RELATIONS

HYDEPARK (New York) July 22.

The relationship of the United States Government with the Petain Government "is exactly the same" as with the former French regime, Mr. William Bullitt, the United States Ambassador in France, who is visiting Mr. Roosevelt to give him a first hand report of recent events in France, told reporters. He said no question of recognition of the Petain Government had arisen because "we have never broken off relations"—Reuter.

France In Utter Ruin

Minister Appeals To Citizens To Help Repair Damages

LONDON, July 21.

Something of the havoc wrought in France by the German invasion was revealed by M. Pietri, Minister of Communications who broadcasting to-night said, that over 700 railway bridges had been destroyed, while roads, canals, rivers, posts and telegraphs and telephones were affected resulting in lack of news and precarious transport of food.

There were great shortages of petrol, coal, lubricating oil and all kinds of material.

He appealed to all Frenchmen to help repair the damage.

According to "Radio Toulouse", bodies of private firms, banks, stock exchange firms and insurance companies are invited to return to Paris.

M. Laval has taken over control of censorship.

CRUSADE FOR CHRISTIANITY

(Continued from page 1)

many besides ourselves, of all those things, which as we say, make life worth living.

FIGHT TILL VICTORY

"We realise that the struggle may cost us everything but just because the things we are defending are worth any sacrifice, it is a noble privilege to be defenders of things so precious. We never wanted war; certainly nobody here wants war to continue a day longer than necessary but we shall not stop fighting till freedom for ourselves and others is secure."

FORMULA OF FORCE WON'T DO.

Lord Halifax added:—We wanted to be able to live our own lives as we liked and not to have to look over our shoulders all the time to see if the Gestapo is listening. We wanted to worship God as we liked and this religious freedom is based on conscience we would not let go, for conscience was not something you could hand over to anybody else, but in Germany the people had given their consciences to Hitler, so that they become machines, merely fulfilling orders without considering whether they were right or wrong. What had been the effect on Hitler? When he first gained power he was at pains to explain that his aims were strictly limited. He was only concerned with the welfare of Germany. He had no claims against her neighbours, but steadily his appetite grew until to-day he assumes the role of a supreme protector "already we see him ruling through creatures, pale shadows of himself, that he established in Central and Northern Europe. Farther south, Mussolini flushed by his triumphs over France, whom he had not fought, may be allowed the role of Master of a Mediterranean, which he has not conquered. For Hitler, force has become the final rule of the destinies of men and nations. Germany has the force; hence Germany alone must decide how nations are to live together."

HITLER'S WORD HAS NO VALUE

Lord Halifax added: "What matter if they do not like it? Man in his view is a frail creature, fallible and made to obey and will soon learn to obey his master. According to Hitler the old-fashioned respect for the pledged word is a sign of weak fibre and unworthy of robust masterminds. He would have no nonsense about equality before law, which is an outrage against reason and the all-powerful State. Bad faith, cruelty and crime have become right by the fact that it is he, Hitler, who ordains them.—Reuter.

CHALLENGE OF ANTI-CHRIST

"That is the fundamental challenge of anti-Christ, which it is our duty as Christians to fight with all our power. The peoples of the British Commonwealth, along with all those, who love truth, justice and freedom, will never accept this new world of Hitler's. Free men, free women, free nations, not German vassals; a community of nations freely co-operating for the good of all; these are the pillars of the new and better order that the British people wish to see and I hope that our country which leads the fight to-day to prevent immeasurable human tragedy, which Hitler's victory would mean, will be the one to point the way for all peoples to a better life. We can well be of good heart, when we survey the prospect. Hitler may plant the Swastika where he will, but unless he can sap the strength of Britain the foundations of his Empire are built on sand.

DAY OF RECKONING

"In their hearts the peoples that he has beaten down curse him and pray that his attack may be broken on the defences of our island fortress. They long for the day, when we shall sally forth and return blow for blow. We shall assuredly not disappoint them. Then will come the day of final reckoning when Hitler's mad plans for Europe be shattered by unconquerable passion of man for freedom and beyond the bounds of Europe across the wide Atlantic there are mighty nations, who view his works with growing detestation.

GOSPEL OF HATE

"The people of United States did not build their home in order to surrender it to this fanatic. They have judged his narrow twisting vision. They see that his gospel is the gospel of hate, that his policy is the policy of brute force and his message to mankind is enthralment of the human spirit under ruthless tyranny. We may take heart from the certain knowledge that that great people pray for our victory over this wicked man and his ways as fervently.

Lord Halifax added: "The foundations of their country as of ours have been Christian teaching and belief in God".

CRUSADE FOR CHRISTIANITY

After urging all to pray and ask God to take care of loved ones and bless the cause for which our country was at war Lord Halifax concluded: "This then is the spirit in which we must march together in this crusade for Christianity. We and our Great Dominions overseas stand and shall continue to stand four square against forces of evil. We shall go forward seeing clearly both the splendour and perils of the task, but strengthened by the faith through which by God's help, as we try to do his service, we shall prevail".—Reuter.

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

Prohibition had defects and some people objected to its enforcement. But even the staunchest anti-prohibitionist will have to admit that it is disgusting to watch people drink themselves silly in an effort to make up for lost time.

The R.A.F. bombers attacked the enemy naval base at Wilhelmshaven. A clean shave.

Mr. Jinnah may yet write a great book. I suggest he calls it "The Memoirs of a Gentlemen".

After which I'll try my hand at writing another "Great Contemporaries". Only in my case it will have to include—Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy and such others.

Two recent shorts at the movies of particular interest to India are "A Day with the Indian Army" and "The R. I. N". The commentary of the first is done by A. F. S. Talyarkhan. That on the Royal Indian Navy by Radcliffe Genge. I prefer Mr. Talyarkhan's because it is at least understandable. Mr. Genge's English is no doubt English, but it is the sort of English that is seldom heard in England and only understood in Poonah!

I am beginning to realize the tremendous possibilities of the Indian film industry. I saw Modhu Bose shoot scenes from his picture "Rajnati" or "The Court Dancer" and the feeling was one of satisfaction as the silent, determined effort that is being made by some of the more promising young men in the industry. I prophesy that, inspite of its present spasmodic production of thrillers, the Wadia Movietone will one day turn out sometime that may be compare with "Ecstace" or "The Good Earth." Films critics, please don't scorn at a layman's judgment.

HOW FRANCE FELL

(Continued from page 4)

their feet. They were afraid they would not succeed. It was during one of these periods that they persuaded Marshal Petain to order the arrest of the Minister of the Interior, M. Mandel. The latter was in a restaurant when an officer entered, clapped his hand on M. Mandel's shoulder and ordered him to go to the Prefecture where he was provisionally detained.

M. Jeanneney and M. Herriot, Chairmen of the French Senate and of the Chamber of Deputies respectively, who had been informed, protested direct to the President of the French Republic, who demanded the release of M. Mandel.

The Marshal who did not understand what was going on, excused it as an error, but it was in fact a pre-meditated act. M. Mandel demanded apologies which were accorded to him.

Later, with the passing of time, when as I hope this nightmare will be no more than a sad memory, the most astounding features will appear to be the sadistic act of these "men of capitulation" in concealing it beneath the prestige of the Marshal of France who did not merit such a treatment: and further the fantastic vanity with which they presented themselves as the saviours to a public opinion which was ignorant and deceived. They would even demand that Frenchmen should consider them like Clemenceau, Poincare, Joffre and Foch as national heroes and that England should be thankful to them. The future—let us have faith in it—will correct all that for the honour and happiness of our two peoples.

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1940
New York, July 22

Previous closing	9.30
To-day's opening	9.28
Difference	—02
To-day's closing	9.28
Difference	—02

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August	Rs. 170-8
Broach April/May	Rs. 190-0

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1940
Liverpool, July 22

Previous closing	7.04
To-day's opening	6.97
Difference	—07
To-day's closing	6.97
Difference	—07

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 22

The New York cotton was slightly lower following easier overseas cables while absence of any constructive news from home curtailed speculative interest.

The trading in October began at 9.28 i.e. two points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool and Bombay cables and scattered liquidation with some hedging but on subsidence of pressure prices rallied partially with October standing at 9.29.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old (9.31/31) 9.28/28
October (9.19/18) 9.15/15
March (8.96/96) unquoted

LONDON COMMODITIES

SEEDS

London, July 22

Castorseeds July/August £17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 5/8) £16 5/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£15 5/8) £15 5/8

JUTES

Dundee August (£33) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER

Spot (12 3/16d paid and sellers) 12 1/4d value
Forward October/December (11 5/8d paid and value) 11 3/4d paid and buyers

METALS.

Tin (£265 3/4 buyers; £266 sellers. Barely steady) £266 1/2 buyers; £266 3/4 sellers. Steadier
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Land Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 22

Previous closing	3.89 3/4
To-day's opening	3.90

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 22

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 22

T T London on Paris not quoted.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 22

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 43 1/2) unquoted
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 19
U S Steel Common (dol 50 1/4) dol 51
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, July 22

The following cable was received from London:—

Speculative re-selling. Poor support in cash. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER
London, July 22

Spot (22 5/8d) 22 3/16d —7/16
Forward (22 1/16d) 21 1/16d nil

LONDON GOLD
London, July 22

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 22

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.60 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16
London on Kobe (1-2 3/8 to 1-2 7/8) 1-2 3/8 to 1-2 7/8

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 22

There was no trading during the night session.

Weather Report

POONA, July 22

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	85	76	0.4	38.6	+2.9
Calcutta	92	81	—	26.3	—15.6
Cuttack	93	79	—	29.7	+18.7
Patna	86	76	3.6	9.3	—7.1
Benares	88	74	1.5	11.1	—1.7
Allahabad	87	76	0.3	6.6	—6.1
Cawnpore	90	81	0.1	3.7	—7.2
Lucknow	90	75	0.4	7.2	—5.4
Jhansi	91	79	—	11.0	—1.5
Agra	94	79	T	3.2	—6.0
Bareilly	95	77	0.9	15.2	+0.6
Dehra Dun	88	74	0.2	24.1	—2.2
Delhi	100	86	—	3.3	—5.8
Ambala	92	75	0.8	13.9	+5.1
Ludhiana	102	75	4.5	11.2	+2.7
Lahore	103	81	—	4.3	—1.2
Sialkot	106	81	—	4.1	+0.4
Rawalpindi	103	76	—	9.1	+1.8
Lyallpur	104	84	—	1.3	—2.0
Multan	102	87	—	0.1	—1.6
Srinagar	90	64	0.3	3.9	+0.6
Peshawar	108	83	—	0.9	—0.2
Dehra Ismail Khan	105	83	—	0.9	—1.1
Fort Sandeman	103	77	—	2.9	+0.9
Rangoon	83	76	0.7	38.0	+4.9
Khandwa	91	73	—	19.1	+7.5
Jubbulpore	—	77	—	18.0	—1.5
Nagpur	91	77	—	37.4	+18.3
BOMBAY	87	77	0.2	42.3	+4.4
Ratnagiri	83	77	0.7	46.0	—8.2
Ahmednagar	88	71	—	11.3	+3.8
Poona	83	71	0.1	7.4	—2.3
Sholapur	89	72	—	4.1	—3.7
Hyderabad (Dn.)	81	71	0.7	8.0	—1.1
Bangalore	82	65	0.7	5.5	—0.3
Mysore	78	67	0.1	7.8	+2.9
Calicut	83	73	0.7	65.8	+8.2
Madras	83	74	0.8	4.5	
Shillong	73	64	2.3	20.6	—6.8
Darjeeling	59	55	6.8	45.1	—4.3
Simla	69	58	0.7	17.4	—0.9
Panchmarhi	76	67	T	45.0	+19.1
Kodaikanal	60	53	0.7	8.5	+0.9
Hyderabad (Sind)	97	83	—	1.6	—0.7
Jaipur	91	79	—	8.2	+0.2
Ajmer	91	77	—	5.8	—1.5
Deesa	89	77	—	7.5	—0.8
Rajkot	90	76	0.1	8.9	—3.0
Ahmedabad	91	78	T	4.7	—7.9
Bhopal	85	73	—	22.0	
Akola	90	73	—	16.3	+3.8
Amraoti	88	74	—	24.3	+11.2
Indore	84	72	0.1	20.8	+7.7
Marmagoa	80	75	0.8	5.4	+6.7
Malegaon	91	72	—	6.1	—1.7
Mussoorie	72	58	1.9	34.3	+12.1
Mahableshwar	65	62	1.0	104.2	—9.1
Baroda	88	77	0.4	9.6	
Bahawalpur	102	84	—	0.3	—1.5
Belgaum	74	69	1.0	26.9	+7.3
Murree	76	61	0.5	16.5	+4.7
Cherrapunji	70	66	5.2	132.1	—40.4
Bijapur	88	70	0.1	4.4	—0.5
Dalhousie	—	—	1.8	12.6	—8.3
Khandala	—	—	1.4	77.1	
Mount Abu	71	66	0.5	7.8	—11.8
Mount Abu	7	166	0.5	7.8	—11.8
Ootacamund	62	52	0.5	14.5	+1.7
Jodhpur	96	77	0.1	2.6	—1.5
Gwallor	97	82	—	—	

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

STRONG MONSOON IN ASSAM

POONA, July 22

The monsoon has been strong in Assam, North Bengal, Bihar, East United Provinces and along and near the Punjab Hills and active in Chota Nagpur, West United Provinces, Konkan and Mysore. Local rain occurred in South Bengal, Orissa, Gujarat, Malabar, South-east Madras and North Madras Coast, while a few falls are reported from East Central Provinces, Kashmir, West Rajputana, Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad and Madras Deccan.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Darjeeling seven inches; Jalpaiguri and Darbhanga six; Cherrapunji, Gorakhpur, Bahraich and Ludhiana five; Dhubri and Bogra four; Dinajpur, Patna, Gaya and Dharampur three; Cox's Bazar, Shillong, Roorkee, Mussoorie, Dalhousie, Mangalore and Cuddapah two; Berhampore, Mymensingh, Purnea, Benares, Sialkot, Honavar and Khandala one and a half; Belgaum and Calingapatam one.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours, ending 8 a.m. of 22nd of July, 1940:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.018 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.2 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 86.6 deg. (1.6 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 77.4 deg. (1.3 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 86 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W-S-W.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 17 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 180 mls.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 40 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 6.

Rain in 24 hours 0.18 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 12.28 inches

Total rainfall during the year 43.56 inches.

Weather remarks: Rain.

Earthquake report:—An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin about 3470 miles away with its epicentre near latitude 7 deg. North and longitude 123 deg. East to the South of Mindanao Island was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 21h. 17m. (I.S.T.) on the 21st inst.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 22/7/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.94 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.73 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

More Rain To-day, Says Expert

BOMBAY, Monday.

That the present mixture of sunshine, showers and cloudy skies is likely to continue for the day, and that the morrow would bring more rain, was the opinion expressed by the Director of the Colaba Observatory.

Rainfall is 4.4 inches above normal. The maximum temperature is 86.6 degrees which is 1.6 degrees above normal and the minimum is 77.4, 1.3 degrees above normal.

The following are the gauge readings at the various stations in the city, for the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. to-day:—

	Day's reading Cents	Total since June 1. Inches
Colaba	.18	42.26
St. Georges Hospital	.42	46.29
J J. Hospital	.21	49.36
Matunga	.42	44.21

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, July 22

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 22

The London Stock Exchange was mainly firm.

INDIAN LOANS
London, July 22

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72) £72
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 3/8) £99 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110 1/4) £110 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98 3/4) £98 3/4
New War Loan (£100) £100
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 1/8) £109 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (30-6) 30-9
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-6) 5-6
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (22-10 1/2) 22-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-6) 48-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£30) £30
Dundee Rubber (24-6) 24-6
Unilever Ordinary (18-4 1/2) 17-6
Ford Motors (15-1 1/2) 15-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35) £35
British American Tobacco Ordinary (62-6) 62-6
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (81-3) 81-10 1/2
P and O Def (14-9) 15-4 1/2
Distillers (54-9) 54-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (26-3) 25-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (23-10 1/2) 24-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (11-9) 11-9
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (39-4 1/2) 40-0

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-1 1/2) 13-9
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-0
Empire of India (16-10 1/2) 16-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£8 1/2) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (13-9) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (23-1 1/2) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (31-3) 32-6
Rand Mines (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12) £12 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (46-3) 46-10 1/2
Trinidad Leaseholds (55-0) 55
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (17-6) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (19-4 1/2) 19-0
Anglo India (30-7 1/2) 30-0
Burma Oil (43-1 1/2) 42-6
Mexican Eagle (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
Shell Transport (32-6) 31-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£27) £29
London Midland Ordinary (£12) £12 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9) £9 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

Football!

Senior League Concludes

B. E. S. T. BETTER BOMBAY GYMKHANA

The Senior Division of the Harwood League came to an end on Monday with a match between the B. E. S. T. and the Bombay Gymkhana. The former won the tie by the odd goal in three, and by virtue of this triumph finished up fifth best in the League.

The Bombay Gymkhana were good triers, but the Tramwaymen played better football. Yet, it was only in the second half that the B. E. S. T got really on top. During this period they frequently attacked. That they did not score more than one goal in this half was due to very erratic shooting, B. Gardner being the chief offender.

Fernandes, Telang, H. de Souza, Michael and Gardner for the winners, and Edden, Marsden and Love were the most prominent players.

THE GAME.

In the ninth minute Love scored for the Gymkhana with a fine rising shot after the B. E. S. T. has missed narrowly converting two good chances. The Tramwaymen went after the equaliser, Edden with a smart save midway through the period stopped Michael from doing the needful. Gardner eventually got the teams on terms, heading in in perfect style a good high pass from J. de Souza. The B. E. S. T. should have been awarded a penalty shortly after. Preston tapped the ball blatantly in the area, "Old man Ridley," however, failed to see the infringement. Fernandes, who was doing his work in the B. E. S. T. goal ably, brought off a splendid save just before the interval.

MISSED SITTERS.

A spell of even play was seen after resumption. The B. E. S. T. then got going and Gardner missed a hundred per cent. opening. At the other end Fernandes again proved equal to his task. The B. E. S. T. returned and Gardner missed sitter No. 2. The Tramwaymen stayed in their opponents' area. A sequel to a nice movement was an effort to score by Roberts.

The ball struck the upright and glided towards Michael. He streaked to it and beat Edden with a good shot. This was seven minutes from the close.

The B. E. S. T. almost sold the lead in the closing minutues. Elliot in his anxiety to make a clearance collided with Fernandes, the goal-keeper. The ball eluded both players and lobbed towards the goal line. It just went the wrong side of the upright.

Time came with the B. E. S. T. leading by the odd goal in three.

The teams were:—

B. E. S. T.:—Fernandes; Rana and Elliot; Elisha, Telang and H. de Souza, Anthony Gardner, Kolapkar, J de Souza, and Roberts.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—Edden; Tait and Marsden; J. Williams, Preston and G. Williams; Lindford, Blackmore, Love, Bolliger and Braund.

REFEREE: W. R. Ridley.

To-day's Game

Cooperage—5-45 p.m.—Welch Regiment vs. Combined Second Division Team. Presentation of Harwood League Trophies (First Division).

Final League Table

The following are the positions of the teams at the close of the First Division of the Harwood League, 1940:—

Teams.	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. For.	Goals. Agt.	Pts.
Welch Regiment	9	9	0	0	30	3	18
Y. M. C. A.	9	7	0	2	27	10	14
A. A. Battery	9	5	1	3	18	11	11
Heavy Battery, R. A.	9	4	2	3	20	13	10
B. E. S. T.	9	3	2	4	8	16	8
Bombay Gymkhana	9	3	1	5	9	13	7
B. B. & C. I. Rly.	9	3	1	5	23	23	7
Young Goans	9	2	3	4	12	20	7
Caltex	9	1	3	5	9	25	5
South Kanara	9	1	1	7	9	27	3

PURSHOTTAM SHIELD CRICKET

Ban Tan C. C. Dismissed For Eleven

The following are the results of further matches played in the Purshottam Shield Cricket League:—

HINDU GYMKHANA WIN.

PRABHU JOLLY CRICKETERS—49 (D. R. Ganguly 3 for 14, V. Haldipur 5 for 18).

HINDU GYMKHANA "B"—126 (T. P. Telang 49; V. S. Talpade 4 for 33, V. B. Vijayakar 3 for 35.

DRAWN GAME.

Goud Union C. C. drew with the Hindu Sevak C. C.

GOUD UNION C. C.—130 (H. H. Parulekar 27, A. V. Patil 30, M. N. Desai 24; M. B. Warerkar 4 for 21, M. R. Pai 3 for 26).

HINDU SEVAK C. C.—82 for seven wickets (S. R. Arolker 48; S. A. Sawant 5 for 23).

ORLEM UNITED WIN.

ORLEM UNITED CLUB—31 (O. F. de Souza 8; C. Murzello 5 for 17, H. Mendonca 5 for 13).

BAN TAN C. C.—11 (J. Rana 5 for 3, B. D'Mello 4 for 8).

ANOTHER DRAW.

THANA YOUNG FRIEND UNION C. C.—132 (Patil (not out) 40, Rangnekar 36, Bagwe 24; Ahir 5 for 62, Patil 3 for 44).

MAHIM JUVENILE C. C.—52 for 3 wickets, (M. R. Tarkar (not out) 21, V. B. Bagwe (not out) 20.

DADAR HINDUS ROUTED.

DADAR HINDU GYMKHANA—72 (M. S. Patil (not out) 39; Kane 3 for 1, Navalkar 3 for 13, Kothare 3 for 18.

PRABHU YOUNG CRICKETERS—155 for five wickets (A. R. Navalkar (not out) 58, P. R. Kirtikar (not out) 42, P. S. Trilokekar 21; Shete 2 for 33).

HINDU TEAM FOR SOCCER PENTANGULAR

Bombay Monday.

The following is the Bombay Soccer Pentangular Hindu team:—

Goal:—Thingalaya (S. K.).
R. Back:—Mendon (S. K.).
L. Back:—Anchan (S. K.).
R. Half:—Sha (Y. M. C. A.).
C. Half:—Salian (S. K.).
L. Half:—Jayaram (Y. M. C. A.).
Outside-right:—Shivram (W. I. A. A.).
Inside-right:—Narayan (W. I. A. A.).
Centre-forward:—Balan (Y. M. C. A.).
Inside-left:—Butchi (Y. M. C. A.).
Outside-left:—Dhakuram (W. I. A. A.).
Reserves:—
Goal:—Rao (Y. M. C. A.).
Back:—Govind (W. I. A. A.).
Half:—Telang (B. E. S. T.).
Forwards:—Murti (Y. M. C. A.).
Ramchandra (Jaganath Fishermen).—A. P.

Lahore Hockey

LAHORE, July 22.

A surprise was occasioned in the "A" Division of the Lahore Summer Hockey League Championship on Monday evening when the Brother Club "A", last year's runners-up and one of the fancied teams this year, went down to the District Police by the odd goal in three.

In the "B" Division the Brother Club "B" drew with the Loco Sports, neither side scoring.—A. P.

I. F. A. SHIELD

Holders Beat Peshawar

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The following are results of matches played in the I. F. A. Shield, Second Round.

Mohan Bagan 6; Union Sporting (Khulna) 0.
Police (Holders) 3; Peshawar 0.
Bhownipore 2; Madhupur 0.
Bengal Artillery 2; Aurora 0.

Flying Club For Madura

MADURA, July 21.

Madura will soon have a flying club. At a meeting of prominent citizens of Madura it was decided to start a flying club here and raise Rs. 50,000 within a month for purchasing two aeroplanes for training pilots.—A. P.

P. U. C. C. DEFEAT N. P. C. C. BY INNINGS

The cup match between the P. U. C. C. and the N. P. C. C. was played on Tuesday on the Poona city playground. The N. P. C. C. won the toss and the match commenced at 10 a. m.

The N. P. C. C. scored with great difficulty 22 runs in the first innings whereas the P. U. C. C. scored 169 runs in the first innings.

Mr. Md. Hasan Munshi Bakridi, one of the members of the I. L. P. who played on behalf of the P. U. C. C., played the game splendidly and scored 92 runs (not out) being the highest individual total. In the second innings the N. P. C. C. scored only 44 runs. The P. U. C. C. won the match by an innings and 103 runs

FINE QUALITY!

Tata Shaving Soap is the finest you could ask for. Yet it is not expensive to buy or use. The Bakelite grip at the bottom enables you to use the soap right to the end. There's no waste. Get a Tata Stick today!

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SHAVING STICK
TMCO SALES DEPT., P. O. Box 528, BOMBAY

DO YOU WANT A HEALTHY BABY?
— Of course you do!

Why is it that when baby gurgles, smiles and kicks, trying every form of acrobatics, your mother's heart is always gladdened? Because you know that baby's energy means a man's strength when he grows up.

THE FOOD THAT BABY NEEDS

To keep a baby in perfect health and activity, his mother's milk is of course always the best food. If you can't give him enough of your milk, it will have to be a preparation of cow's milk. In its plain form cow's milk is much too heavy for baby's stomach and you must add boiled water to it or it will surely upset the delicate little digestion. Even as baby grows older this dilution is better than plain milk.

STRENGTHENING FOOD

For baby to be strong and active his muscles must be constantly supplied with food, and muscle-food is one special kind of sugar in which mother's milk is most rich. Undiluted Cow's milk contains only half the sugar baby needs, and when you add water to it, of course cow's milk gives baby less than half the muscle-food he must have. To supply himself with fuel for activity, baby uses his reserve supply of fat, and of course begins to look thin and ill. To prevent this happening you must add the right kind of sugar to your baby's milk.

Baby's Correct Sugar

A baby's stomach has to make a great effort to digest ordinary sugar, which makes gas form in the stomach, and often encourages diarrhoea.

KARO SYRUP is the scientifically correct sugar to add to baby's food. With cow's milk and water which has been boiled, KARO makes food as near to mother's milk as you can get.

Ask any doctor if this is not true

Karo SYRUP

FOOD FOR A-C-T-I-O-N

Please write for full advice about feeding your baby to: Dept. B. 8 Corn Products Co. (India) Ltd., P. O. Box 994, BOMBAY.

MUTT AND JEFF—Necessity Is the Mother and Father of Invention — By BUD FISHER

MUTT NEEDS A BLOOD TRANSFUSION BADLY BUT I CAN'T GET A BLOOD DONOR ANYWHERE!
HM-- THASS BAD!
NOT ONLY THAT, I'LL NEED A PUMP TOO! MUTT NEEDS PLENTY OF BLOOD BUT NOBODY WANTS TO GIVE ANY!
I GOT IT
O.K., DOC! DO YOUR STUFF!
BLOODHOUNDS
SNIFF

ON THE AIR

Tuesday, July 23.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Bhajan Mirabai by an A I R Artist. 8 Keep fit. 8-10 Zohra Khatoon of Lahore. 8-30 The A I R Trio. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Three stars. 9-10 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-20 Vithalrao Gurao. 12-30 p.m. Sindhi music. 12-40 Marathi music. 12-50 Gujarati music. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 .....Ramante Tatra Devtah: Programme for women in Gujarati. 1-10 Ghazals. 1-20 Mutual Understanding: Daily lesson in Eng. and Hin. 1-30 News in English. 1-36 Do you know Madame? 1-40 Lunch Hour Music. School Broadcasts. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 World History: The United States of America: Talk. 4-35 Kannada Songs. 4-45 Kannada Life and Literature: Women in Karnatak: Talk. 5 Narayan L. Ranade. 5-10 Narottamdas: Sarangi. 5-15 Bhajans. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Vithalrao Gurao. 5-50 Tanki on Sarod. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Zohra Khatoon. 6-25 Khadim Husain. 6-50 The A I R Quartet. 7 Topical talk in Marathi. 7-15 Listeners' letters. 7-30 Narayan L. Ranade. 7-40 M. Shantaram: Readings from Marathi books. 7-45 Avinash: Gujarati geets. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Looking Forward. 2: Medicine, Surgery and Criminology: Talk. 8-45 Yeshwant and Marathe. 8-55 Talk of the Town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-50 Chamber music.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Melodies from "Main Hari". 7-40 Hamid Husain: Folk tune on Sarinda. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Khadim Husain. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Prabhat Film Orchestra. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Shankerrao: Violin recital. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Nagappa. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Amel and Ali: Instrumental duets on Flute and Clarionet with Tambora and Tabla. 8-10 Vithalrao Gurao. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Zohra Khatoon. 9-15 E. Rahmat: Jaltarang. 9-25 Khadim Husain. 9-50 The Bom. Radio Orchestra. 10 Panghat Par: Musical romance in Hindustani.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 6-5 G. S. Morghode. 5-30 Dhani Ram. 5-50 Aziz and Afzal. 6-15 Geets. 6-45 Thumri Peelu. 7 On the Bookshelf: Review of Urdu books. 7-15 R. R. Chowdhury. 7-30 Sohan Singh. 7-45 Air Force, 1: Talk. 8 Benazir Bai. 8-15 For Villagers only. 10 It has happened or a Sarhadi Naghma on Sarinda. 10-5 Thumri, Dadra aur Ghazal. 10-30 Persian music. 11 Persian music.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Football relay. 6-5 For the children. 6-30 For the children. 7-30 Girin Chakravarti. 7-45 Back Ground to the News: Talk in Bengali. 8 Dilip Kumar Ghose. 8-20 Bauls of Bengal: Discourses by Prof. Kshiti Mohon Sen Shastri of Shantiniketan. 9 Ashalata. 10 Abdul Aziz Khan. 10-15 Monorama.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee. Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee. Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

DEMAND FOR INDIAN CONTROL OVER PORT TRUSTS

CALCUTTA, July 21.

The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry met here today under the presidency of Mr. Amritlal Ojha.

The Committee considered the question regarding the constitution of the various major Port Trusts and decided to address the Government of India with a view to securing greater participation in the administration of these Port Trusts by Indians by revising the present constitutions of these trust boards.—A. P.

Sir R. Mudaliar's Mission In Bombay

SIMLA, July 20.

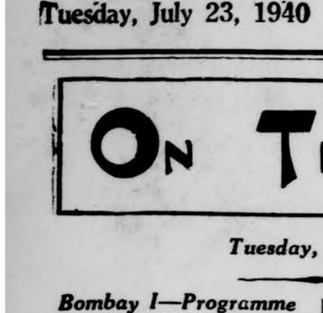
Control of shipping on the Indian Register will be among subjects which Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, will discuss with commercial bodies in Bombay during his forthcoming visit to that city next week. The commerce Member will be accompanied by Mr. H. C. Prior, Additional Secretary, Mr. N. R. Pillai, Joint Secretary, and Capt. H. L. Davis, Nautical Adviser to the Government of India. Sir Ramaswami will leave Simla on Monday July 22 and will stay in Bombay from July 24 to 27 returning to Simla on Monday July 29.—A. P

Property Of Enemy Firms

SIMLA, July 19.

All property belonging to or held by or managed on behalf of the enemy firms named below has been vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property:—

1. Carlton Hair Dressing Saloon, Calcutta.
2. Rosa Hair Dressing Saloon, Calcutta.
3. Royal Exchange Hair Dressing Saloon, Calcutta.
4. F. Bertelli and Company, Calcutta.
5. A. B. C. Stores, Calcutta.
6. Dr. Augusto Formenti, Bombay.
7. Compagnia Italiana Turismo (C. I. T. England) limited, Bombay.
8. A. Morgani, Cloth Merchant, Calcutta.
9. Indanthren Company Limited, Bombay.
10. F. Metzl Brothers, Bombay.—A. P.



SMALL IN COSTS BIG IN BENEFITS

More Wrigley's gum is used to-day than ever. It costs only a trifle, but millions know it greatly benefits teeth, digestion and health. Doctors and dentists recommend it. Hospitals use Wrigley's in quantities.

Buy several packets to-day. Chew it after every meal; after every smoke. Two delicious flavours. P73

WRIGLEY'S

Contains No Animal Fat

Are you overlooking the surest way to charm?

She's tall and imperious with a lithe swinging walk. Her clothes are as simple as only the most expensive clothes can be. Yet there's something more which goes to make up her aura of subtle magnetism. Intangible, insistent, her perfume sets the note of her fascination. Coty *L'Aimant* is her fastidious choice.

But Coty have created other perfumes, all true perfumes made from flowers grown on Coty's own vast plantations. You will find one perfectly attuned to your personality and special type of beauty.

Ask to see the full Coty range —unhurriedly pick the perfume which is just right for you.

Coty

"L'AIMANT"

Price Lists on application.

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd. M. G. Shahani & Co., Karachi.

C-41

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: July 22.

On Saturday foreign markets were closed and free Sterling in New York was quoted at 3.89 3/4. In the local market it being month end delivery and settlement period, the market does not disclose any definite price tendency. Political news have no effect and the market is grinding around present levels. The market was steady with a slightly improved buying and prices hardened but the session was dull and featureless.

Quotations were as under:—

Ready: Gold Rs. 41/12/0; Silver Rs. 62/4/0
Ashad: Gold Rs. 41/12/6; Silver Rs. 62/1/0

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 19/7/1940 were as under:—

Number of cheques—99,791.
Amount of cheques—12,35,25,363/8/1.

WHEAT & LINSEED.

Bombay: July 22.

The local market was quiet but steady with a restricted turnover. The market was influenced by fluctuations in cotton market. Wheat September opened at Rs. 3/15/9 and improved to Rs. 4, but later prices declined to Rs. 3/15/6. Linseed also fluctuated within a narrow range.

Quotations at 5 p.m. were as under:—

	Rs.as.ps.
Wheat September	4 0 0
Wheat January	4 2 9
Wheat May	4 4 0
Linseed September	5 9 6
Linseed May	6 3 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: July 22.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 56/0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 66/8

Tone:—Steady.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: July 22.

	Rs.as.ps.	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds September:—		
Opening	39	0 0
Highest	39	4 0
Lowest	39	0 0
Closing	39	4 0
Groundnuts August—		
Opening	31	12 0
Highest	32	2 0
Lowest	31	8 0
Closing	31	11 0
Cottonseeds September—		
Opening	26	11 0
Highest	26	13 6
Lowest	26	8 6
Closing	26	11 6
Groundnuts February—		
Opening	33	12 0
Highest	33	13 0
Lowest	33	8 0
Closing	33	10 6
Cottonseeds May—		
Opening	23	15 0
Highest	24	0 0
Lowest	23	11 6
Closing	23	13 0
Castorseeds May—		
Opening	39	6 0
Highest	39	10 0
Lowest	39	8 9
Closing	39	10 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: July 22.

Yarn No.	August	October	Decmbr
6-1/2s.	119	121	123
10 1/2s.	134	137	140
20 1/2s.	163	168	172
40s.	237	240	243

PIECEGOODS & YARN

July 19

PIECEGOODS

		Rs.	a.	p.
Grey, Unbleached—				
Longcloth (Standard Quality)	Per lb.	0	10	4
Longcloth (Fine Quality)	„	1	0	3
Shirtings	„	0	9	9
Shirtings (Vegetable Quality)	„	0	9	3
Leopard Cloth	„	0	9	10
Dhoties (upto ½" nakhi Border)	„	0	10	0
Dhoties (Calcutta, 5/8" P.B.)	„	0	15	11
Drills	„	0	9	1
Domestics	„	0	9	1
Domestics	„	0	8	11
Salita	„	0	9	6
Chadars	„	0	9	11
White Bleached.—				
Longcloth	per piece	12	0	0
Drill	„	9	5	0
Yarn.—				
8 1/2s.	per lb.	0	5	7
10 1/2s.	„	0	6	1
12 1/2s.	„	0	6	4
16s.	„	0	7	6
20s.	„	0	8	4
24s.	„	0	9	0
32s.	„	0	10	3
40s.	„	0	11	2
60s.	„	1	0	5

COLOMBO MARKET

COLOMBO: July 22.

Rubber 55 1/2 sheet; 52 crepe. Saturday's closing was same. Copra 26/0/0; Cocoanut Oil F.O.B. 185/00. Nominal.

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

	Rs.as.ps.
Wheat September	0 5 6
Wheat January	0 8 6
Wheat May	0 11 0
Groundnuts August	1 12 0
Groundnuts February	5 0 0
Castorseeds September	3 12 0
Cottonseeds September	1 8 0
Cottonseeds January	3 0 0
Silver Shrawan	1 14 0
Gold Shrawan	0 14 0

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: July 22.

Caltex (India) Ltd Norwegian s s Arena of 3772 reg tons Capt J M Flak arrived from Bahrein with cargo of petrol and kerosene oil

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Melbourne Maru of 3220 reg tons Capt S Egawa arrived from Karachi with cargo of cotton scrap, iron and general cargo.

Eastern S N Coy's Norwegian s s Marly of 657 reg tons Capt J L Johansen arrived from Cochin with general cargo.

SAILED

B S N Coy's Norwegian s s Henrik of 761 reg tons Capt J Sorlie sailed for Marmagoa with general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessel is booked for loading on 22/7/1940:—

American s s Excellency

IMPORTS

Bombay, July 22

650 pcs stl new rails; 65 bundles fish plates; 60 cases sulphate of iron; 64 bundles buttens; 33 bales raw wool; 550 boxes currents; 50 boxes dried apples; 256 bags peepalmodi; 119 chests tea; 443 bars pig lead; 561 bales scoured wool; 110 cases d c nuts; 100 bags arecanuts; 1535 cases soap and cardboard; 453 bales cone yarn; 74 bales greasy wool; 168 cases cashew kernals; 1957 bags copra; 731 cases ale; 60 cases oatmeal; 891 bundles coir yarn; 28 bales whi felts; 80 bs wool tops; 100 cases cud fruits; 2908 bundles cotton yarn; 2080 cases milk powder; 36 dms paint; 80 cases cheese; 65 cases honey; 90 cases cordial; 914 cases rope; 3875 bags copra; 22 cases dried fruits; 50 cases pickles; 373 cases jams; 115 casks tallow; 89 cases coffee; 1038 bales mattress fibre; 40 bags metal dress; 4579 bales cotton

EXPORTS

200 bales raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 552 bales raw cotton M Amersey and Co; 1100 bales raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 800 bales raw cotton N Nagsee and Co; 100 bs raw cotton C Jethabhai and Co; 100 bales raw cotton R P Puria and Co; 100 bales raw cotton S Karamsi and Co; 300 bales raw cotton The Universal Ctn Trading Co; 200 bales raw cotton Gordhandas and Co; 350 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha and Co; 100 bales raw cotton K M Nathoo; 27 bags shark fins H A Mahomed and Son; 40 bags fish maws H A Mahomed and Son; 100 bales raw cotton R Kanji and Co; 200 bales raw cotton G Dossa and Co; 4000 bales raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 1100 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 705 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 4700 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 300 bales raw cotton A Khimji and Co; 800 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 400 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 3700 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton L Ramji and Co; 200 bales raw cotton Sulaman and Co Ltd; 300 bales raw cotton The Nissho Co Ltd; 200 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 165 bales cotton g m yarn M T Afshar and Co; 200 bales cotton raw Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 400 bs cotton raw M S Kaisha Ltd.

Hedging And Foreign Selling In New York

PRICES DECLINE IN SYMPATHY WITH BOMBAY

Domestic And Foreign Uncertainties Restrict Business

Bombay: July 22.

All American markets in the face of domestic and foreign uncertainties refuse to move as a result of restricted business.

So far there is no announcement regarding the Government loan on the growing cotton crop. Somewhat unfavourable weather over the Central Belt acted as a sustaining factor during the past week otherwise outside speculative support was poor. There was moderate hedging from the South and against Brazilian cotton crop. Export outlook is disappointing and the dry goods market finds small business and much under the present production.

There is nothing in the general situation to lift up prices and among buyers there are only two countries, namely Great Britain and Japan. Thus there is every possibility that with the continent practically out of the sphere, most of the crop will have to go under loans. Thus there seems little chance for any marked improvement in prices above loan level.

Under normal conditions the supply and demand outlook ought to have a depressing effect on prices but Government loans will have a sustaining influence.

NEW YORK MARKET

On Saturday the New York cotton market was quiet with small hedge and outside selling. Speculative business was absent. The New York market opened steady on Saturday and prices declined in response to weakness in Bombay. There was hedge and local selling which met trading price fixing.

At the opening October was 2 pts down at 9.31 which was the highest level. There was moderate selling and prices declined to 9.28, which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 1 to 4 pts. Spot cotton 7/8 inch staple closed 3 pts down at 10.25 and 15/16 inch staple spot price also declined 3 pts at 10.46c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 1 point to unchanged. Spot cotton prices were unchanged at 10.30 and 10.50 for 7/8 and 15/16 inch staple respectively.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 9.31—02 (10 a.m.) lowest 9.28—05 (10-23 a.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Market declined on foreign and hedge selling.

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR

Quietly Steady

CALCUTTA: July 22.

Share Market.—Market conditions ruled quiet but steady after week-end and only moderate business was put through all round. Following are closing quotations:—

Govt. securities: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 74/4 s odd lot; 3 per cent New loan 1963/65 87/12 s lot; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 87/14; 5 per cent Loan 1940/43 100/12 s lot; 5 per cent U P Bonds 1944 103/6 s lots; 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 107/12 s odd lot.

Banks: Imperial Conty. 1508 ex-div; Reserve 98/8.

Railways: Howrah Amta Rly. 89.

Coal: West Jamuria 26/12 s lot.

Jute: Budge Budge pref 150; Craig pref 32/8; Hukumchand pref 91/8; Waverley pref 34.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 4/15; Bisra Stone Lime 87; Indian Copper 2; Consolidated Tin 3/1; Alkali and Chemical pref 123 s odd lot; Bengal Chemical ordy 344/8 s lot; Bengal Telephone ordy 16/3; Pref 11/8; Dacca Elec ordy 15/1; Burn and Co. ordy 312 ct; Indian Iron and Steel 26/4; Steel Corporation ordy 15/1; Pref 101; B I Corpn ordy 3/13; Pref 152; Indian Wood Products 24/11; Dunlop Rubber 2nd pref 105 ct; Indian Paper Pulp 130; Orient Paper 8; Star Paper pref 89 ex-div ct; Titaghur Paper ordy 14/12 ex-rights ex-div; 2nd pref 107.

Tea: Tezpore ordy 6/12; Pref 11/8.

Debentures: 6 per cent 1939/49 Hukumchand Jute (4th Mortgage) Debentures 95.—A. P.

HAPUR WHEAT REVIEW

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR: July 19.

Despite scattered rainfall reports in the Punjab and many of the U. P. districts and poor oversea advices, the local wheat market remained very steady during the week under review in common with all other markets. The forward wheat quotation here is presently 0/2/7½ higher as compared to the last week-end, although the gain had risen to 3 annas on Wednesday last. This extremely steady undertone was mainly due to the highly encouraging spot demand both here, in the Upcountry markets and at the ports. The big guns in the market who were so far silent and disposed to await political developments abroad are gradually losing patience and are showing more interest. The stock as has been repeatedly pointed out before is comparatively small. A second bullish factor of no mean importance is that although showers have been received locally, they are quite insufficient to enable the cultivators sowing operations for the Bhadoi crop. Strength was also derived from the buying pressure and the strengthening attitude of the other commodities particularly foodstuffs. The reactions in between were well marked but the loss was easily made good and the higher scale more or less maintained.

At Hapur Bhadon had closed at 3/0/1½ on Friday last. On Saturday morning it fell to 2/15/9 lowest for the week. By Tuesday morning the movements in the market were confined within an anna range of 3 to 3/1. But on Tuesday there was a bullish outburst following huge speculative covering activities. Some of the prominent bears featured as active purchasers which increased nervousness. Wednesday again showed the same tendency and recorded the peak level for the week at 3/3/1½, although having at one stage fallen to 3/3/4, it had finally closed at 3/2/9 on that day. The market was extremely sensitive on Thursday. Having opened at 3/2/6, it reacted very sharply and fell to as low as 3/1/6½. There were no special reasons for this heavy reaction except profit coverings and speculative liquidations. Towards the close the same day the market once more gained strength and improved to 3/2/7 at the close. There was a slightly easier feeling at the opening to-day due to cloudy weather, but the heavy buying interest evinced towards mid-day again led to an upward tendency. It is presently quoted at 3/2/9.

In the open market red wheat is being sold at 13 seers, Punjab No. 518 at 12½ seers and Cawnpore No. 13 at 12½ seers per rupee. The rise during the last two weeks has again encouraged arrivals which averaged 1,000 maunds during the week. The present stock is put at 760 khattis as against 800 khattis at the corresponding period last year.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: July 22.

The recent decline in local cotton prices was more of a reactionary nature and heavy long liquidation has improved the technical situation of the market and there exists some short interest. It is true that market will be influenced by political developments in the East and War reports, but there appears more disposition to buy scale down. Thus in the near future the market is expected to remain steady with small recovery.

In response to a decline of 3 points in New York, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 187/8 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 189/8 on short covering but there appeared renewed selling and prices reacted to Rs. 188/8. At this level there was active professional buying and prices advanced to Rs. 191/8.

Prices after advancing to Rs. 192 declined to Rs. 188/8 on renewed selling by local operators and commission firms. Liverpool market opened 7 pts. down and in the local market Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 189/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach July/August	Rs. 170/12
F G M G Broach April/May	Rs. 190/4
Fine M G Oomra July	Rs. 163/4
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jan	Rs. 168/0
F G M G Bengal July	Rs. 133/0
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan	Rs. 137/8

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 349 penny points at Exch 1/6

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 230 penny pts at Exch 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 153 cent points at Exch 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: July 20.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 3 p.m.
Broach J/A	172	166 1/2	167 1/4
Broach A/M	192	186 1/4	187 1/4
Oomra July	161 1/2	158	159 1/2
Oomra D/J	168	163 1/2	164 1/2
Bengal July	131	127 1/2	128 1/4
Bengal D/J	136	132 1/2	133 1/4

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay: July 22.

	To-day.	Total
Broach	1,500	27,700
Bengal	Nil	7,200
Oomra	1,850	7,300

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: July 22.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	140	137	134	131	
M G Punjab	140	137	134	131	
M G Rajputana	147	144	141	138	
M G Oomra No. 3	166	164	161	158	...
M G C. P. No. 1	178	176	173	170	...
M G C. P. No. 2	170	168	165	162	...
M G Broach No. 2	173	171	169	166	
M G Punjab-American	205	203	201	198	
M G Surat	225	223	221	218	
M G Rajpipla	219	217	215	212	
M G Navsari	232	230	228	225	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay: July 22.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales. 20-7-40		Since 1st Septr. This year.	Last year
Khandesh		55,579	38,695
Central India		109,361	224,628
Barsi and Nagar		114,118	92,976
Hyderabad-Gaorani		47,970	4,474
Berar	15	318,618	162,718
Central Provinces		76,962	38,096
Total Oomras	15	722,608	561,587
Dholeras		89,297	276,806
N.-W. Provinces		26,079	9,576
Rajputana		35,228	77,930
Sind-Punjab	1,980	368,990	330,071
Broach		408,546	414,716
Coompta & Dharwar		49,815	147,443
Westerns-Northerns		35,634	95,355
Cocoanada		86	98
Tinnevelly & Cambodia		1,392	2,637
Total	1,995	1,737,675	1,916,221
Arrived by road to 18th July 1940		339,387	.....

DAILY COTTON MARKET REPORT
BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay: July 22.

Receipts from 1st Sept 1939 to 18th July 1940 (by rail and Sea)	1,736,529
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1939 to 18th July 1940 (by road—estimated)	339,387
Total	2,074,516
Same time last year	2,656,863

Exports from 1st Sept. 1939 to 20th July, 1940:—

	1938 1939/40	1938/39
United Kingdom		73,590
Continent		227,945
China		409,323
Japan		808,428
Coast Ports		32,329
U. S. A.		426
Total		1,551,041

Figures of exports, stocks and mill consumption and also of imports of foreign cotton into Bombay are not available.

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from Up country from 1st Sept. 1939 to 11th July 1940 1,430,148

Same time last year 1,727,107

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 22.

Steel shares noted an improvement in to day's session on the Exchange. Tata Deferreds opened at 1770 and advanced at one time to 1795 receding later to 1787/8 and finally quoting at 1790. The Ordinaries opened at 340 and were transacted up to 344. Bombay Dyeing were quoted around 900, while Indian Irons stood at 25/12.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1770) 1770 1777/8 1772/8 1780 1790 1785 1795 1787/8 1790

Tata Ordinaries (340) 340 342 342 344

Tata Ordinary 344, Tata Deferred 1790, Indian Iron 25/12, Bombay Dyeing 905, Century 252/8 Central India 247/8, Kohinoor 340, Bombay Burma 520, Scindia Steam 19/8, Tata Hydro 160 Reserve Bank 101/8. Imperial Bank F P 1435 X-D, Central Bank 33 6, Bank of India 134/8, 3 1/2 per cent Paper 87/10.

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Following delivery slips have been issued to-day:—

Bombay Dyeing 14, Centuries 20, Kohinoors 12, Associated Cements 85, Bombay Burmas 11, Indian Irons 600, Bengal Steel Corporations 200

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 22

2 3/4 per cent 1946/52 94-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-6
3 per cent 1951-54 Bonds 95-12
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes 87-12
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 101-14
4 per cent 1943 Bond 103-8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 100
4 1/2 per cent 1955/69 Loan 107
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-8
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans 108

TAX-FREE LOANS

3 per cent 1945/55 Loan 108
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 100
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 99-8
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 109
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 115
6 per cent K P T 1956 115

Tone quiet.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: July 22.

B. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 22nd January

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 22nd January

Bank's buying D T T 1/6 1/32 to 22nd January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 83 1/2 nominal

Bank's buying T T 78 1/2 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 77 3/4 nominal

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 65 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 22nd inst.
Shanghai/London 0/4 1/16 22nd inst.
New York/London 3.90 20th inst.
London/Java 7.58/62 20th inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 20th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.70/80 20th inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 20th inst.
London/Japan 1/2 7/8 20th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet
Gold £8-8-0 19th inst.
Gold £8/8/0 20th inst.
Silver London Ready 22 5/8 19th inst.
Silver London Ready 22 5/8 20th inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 19th inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 20th inst
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 19th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 20th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 19th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 20th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 19th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 20th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: July 20.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report:— Dollars

Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	16
Amr For Pow 5 per cent Debs	49
Amr Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	43
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	32
Electric Bond and Share Common	6 1/8
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	63
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 7/8
Int Tel and Tel 1952 Debs	28 5/8
Amr Tel and Tel	159 7/8
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	17 1/4
New York Central R R	11 3/4
Great Northern Pfd	23
Union Pacific	82 5/8
Chesapeake and Ohio	37
Australia 5 per cent 1955	48
Standard Brands	6
United States Steel	50 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	75 1/4
National Steel	58 1/2
Crucible Steel	28 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 1/2
Republic Steel	16 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	22 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	18 7/8
Chrysler Motors	63 3/4
General Motors	43 1/8
Socony	8 3/8
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4
St Oil of N J	34 1/2
Texas Corporation	35 3/8
National City Bank of N Y	24 1/4
Guaranty Trust	267 1/2

Turnover 110,000 shares.

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay: July 22.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.) Rs.as.ps.

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	80 8 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Snd 15 per candy	81 8 0
Pepper Maha Snd 12 per candy	85 8 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	16 0 0
Ginger Maha Snd 15 per cwt	13 8 0

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: July 22.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt:—

Shipment September Rs. 8/7 F.B.H.

Indian Sugars Ready:—

Ready ordinary Rs. 15/6 to 15/9

Ready large grain Rs. 15/10 to 16

Tone:—Easier.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: July 22.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was open for one hour owing to the death of a member. The market was closed on Saturday and naturally the sharp drop in cotton registered on Saturday influenced the market at the opening. In view of European uncertainty there was some liquidation but at the decline there was moderate investment support. There was moderate turnover and the tone of the market was quiet

The Stock Exchange Governing Body has allowed facility to square up open business of clients. This process will reduce open business in the market and while it is too early to have any approximate idea about the open interest, it is true that the market is becoming healthy

The future course of the market depends upon war developments but the industrial outlook is encouraging, but the severe decline in commodity prices has reduced the general buying capacity. Moreover the Export trade is facing difficulties buyers are still awaiting Government decision on the War insurance risk

The Wall Street market was quiet and narrow on Saturday U. S. Steel shares closed 7/8 up at 50 3/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares declined 1/8 at 18 7/8 dollars.

Government Securities ruled quiet and with moderate selling 3 1/2 per cent Paper closed at Rs. 87/12

Cotton Mill shares were steady with scattered buying and Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 905. Century shares were quiet at Rs. 253 and Central India shares declined to Rs 250. Kohinoors were easy at Rs 341

Bank shares remained mostly unchanged and Associated Cements eased off to Rs. 112/8. Insurance shares ruled quiet, but steady. Trams closed at Rs. 125 and Tata Powers were placed at Rs. 1,300.

Tata Steel Defds after declining to Rs. 1770 advanced to Rs. 1800 and Ordinary shares closed at Rs. 342.

Bombay Burma shares declined to Rs. 520 and Petrols were steady at Rs. 3/15. Bellapur Sugars declined Rs. 2 at Rs. 204.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, JULY 23, 1940

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CALCUTTA STUDENTS GO ON STRIKE

Protest Against Huq's Circular Banning Participation By Students In Demonstrations

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Students of a number of Schools and Colleges in the City came out of their classes this morning as a protest against a recent Government circular, banning participation by students of Government and Government-aided institutions in strikes or similar demonstrations.—

Many Injured In Lathi-Charge

Several students were injured when the police dispersed a crowd from the grounds of the Islamia College this afternoon.

It is stated that the students, numbering about 150 and belonging to private colleges, came out of their classes as a protest against the recent notification of the Government, placing a ban on student of Government and Government-aided institutions taking part in strikes and similar demonstration, and went in a procession to the Islamia College with the alleged intention of bringing out the students of that institution.

They entered the compound shouting slogans and attempted to hold a meeting there. The police being informed, immediately arrived on the scene and dispersed the crowd.

Immediately after the incident, several M.L.A's. including the Leader of the Opposition and some members of the Coalition Party visited the place of the occurrence in order to acquaint themselves with the situation.

PREMIER APOLOGISES

CALCUTTA, July 22.

In a statement to the press on this afternoon's incidents in the Islamia College the Chief Minister of Bengal, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq says:—

"I have learnt with deep regret that in the course of unfortunate incidents that took place in the Islamia College this afternoon some students of the Islamia College were injured as a result of a charge made by the police to eject a number of outsiders, who had forced their entry into the college compound and were creating a disturbance. The police appeared on the scene in consequence of information received and not because they had been sent for by the Principal, who had been doing all he could to keep his students in control and to allow this to settle down to normal conditions without interference of any kind by any body. Naturally I am not in a position to express an opinion on all that has occurred but while I cannot get rid of the fact that these unfortunate incidents do occur and will occur if public peace is broken. I cannot but feel the utmost sympathy for our boys of the Islamia College, who have behaved splendidly throughout a most difficult situation, and who have always shown the utmost readiness to submit to discipline. I am grieved on their account and I hope they will accept my expression of regret which is as sincere as it is spontaneous.—A. P.

BENGAL EDITOR WARNED AND LET OFF

CALCUTTA, July 22.

The Editor and Printer and Publisher of the Bengali "Dainik Basumati", were convicted today by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules in connection with the publication of an article entitled "Bamapanthi" (leftist), in the issue of the Paper of April 7, in alleged contravention of the Bengal Government order of April 5.

The accused were, however, warned and discharged.

The Government order which had been infringed prohibited publication in Bengal of reports of the "National Week" celebrations organised by the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, or of statements and activities of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Swami Sahajananda during the week, or any reference to or criticism of the Government order.—A. P.

Socialists Refused Bail

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, July 22.

It is dangerous at the present time to allow applicants at large on bail, thus remarked the Sessions Judge of Nagpur rejecting the applications of Nagpur Socialists prosecuted under the Defence of India Act.

Mr. K. P. Narayanan, Editor of the "Nagpur Times" has declined to serve on the Provincial War Committee constituted at Government House last week.

Incessant rain has damaged a bridge 64 miles from Nagpur on Amraoti Road. The supporting pier has been washed away.

Alleged Terrorist Evaded Arrested

PATNA, July 19.

The Special Branch of the Bihar C. I. D. Police made a smart capture of Maqbul Hussain Shah, said to be a prominent terrorist of Jaunpur, who, it is alleged, has been evading arrest under the Defence of India Rules by Allahabad Police.

It transpires that the suspect came to Patna a few months back and was serving in a local shop under a false name.—United Press.

A meeting of Congress women workers was held at the Congress House, Bombay, on Saturday last, to chalk out a programme of constructive work. Mrs. J. B. Kripalani, who has been appointed Secretary of the Women's section of the All-India Congress Committee, presided on the occasion.

QUIT ORDER ON LABOUR LEADERS

CALCUTTA, July 22.

About 16 labour organisers of the Dock Mazdoor Union, including its President, Mr. Madar Khan, have been served with orders under the Defence of India Rules to quit Calcutta and suburbs within 36 hours.

By a previous order under the same rules issued by the Commissioner of Police Calcutta Mr. Madar Khan was directed not to take part in processions, or to deliver speeches at public meetings.

Another labour organiser, Mr. Nethram has been arrested in Panihati under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Kerala Congress Leader Sent To Jail

CALICUT, July 20.

Information has been received here that Mr. P. Narayannan Nair, Secretary of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee, who was recently arrested in Cochin under the Defence Act in respect of a speech made at Irinjalakuda, was convicted and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment by District Magistrate of Trichur.—A. P.

Ramdurg Orders To Praja Sangha

HUBLI, July 22.

It is understood that the Ramdurg Durbar has issued orders that thirty members of the Ramdurg Praja Sangha should pay compensation amounting to nearly Rs. 9,000 for loss caused in connection with the Ramdurg Riot of April last year.—A. P.

GIRL STUDENT KILLED

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) July 22.

One girl died and seven or eight were injured as a result of the collapse of the roof of a classroom of a Girl's High School due to heavy rains in Hanamkonda, according to a Government communique.

Kunzru Meets Gandhiji

Mahatma Acquainted With Servants Of India Society's Crisis

WARDHAGANJ, July 21.

Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru, President of the Servants of India Society, who arrived here, drove to Sewagram to meet Gandhiji.

It is learnt he acquainted the Mahatma with the latest developments in the Society's affairs and also discussed the political situation.

Mr. Kodandarao, another member of the Servants of India Society also visited Sewagram and left for Nagpur.

Pandit Kunzru is staying over at Sewagram and it is expected that he will leave to-morrow evening for Nagpur.—A. P.

NO SPLIT IN PUNJAB CABINET

KARACHI, July 22.

Rumours of disruption in the Punjab Cabinet were emphatically denied by Nawab Ahmed Yar Khan Daulatana, Chief Parliamentary Secretary to the Punjab Premier in an interview to the Associated Press. He declared that the Punjab Cabinet was working like a team despite the fact that it was composed of representatives from various communities and interests. Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Premier, was loved and deeply respected by all his colleagues.—A. P.

PATNA DISAPPROVES DELHI RESOLUTION

PATNA, July 22.

Supporting Gandhiji's ideal of non-violence the Working Committee of the Patna District Congress Committee at its meeting last evening is understood to have disapproved the Delhi resolution of the Congress Working Committee.—A. P.

MOVE FOR 'AZAD DAY'

Demand Of Apology To Maulana Azad From Jinnah To Be Made

(From Our Special Correspondent)

DELHI, July 20.

Considerable resentment prevails in the local Muslim circles over Mr. Jinnah's latest reply to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Congress.

In view of this agitation, there is a move in the local "Ulema" to observe "Azad Day" all over India sometime in the first week of August. An appeal is likely to be issued by some prominent non-party Muslim leaders to celebrate the "Azad Day" and to ask Mr. Jinnah to apologise to the Maulana as early as possible.

It is understood that the young and the radical element of the Delhi Muslim League has also promised to participate in the proposed "Azad Day".

Independent Muslims Support It

NEW DELHI, July 22.

A meeting of the Board of the Independent Muslims Conference will be held here on August 3 and 4.

Among subjects to be taken up for discussion is a proposal to oberve an All-India Azad Day with the object of refuting the statements made by Mr. M. A. Jinnah in the recent exchange of telegrams between him and Moulana Azad, Congress President.

AHMEDABAD WANTS JINNAH TO APOLOGISE TO AZAD

AHMEDABAD, July 22.

An appeal to Mr. Jinnah to publicly apologise to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad for his telegram to the latter was made at a meeting of the local branch of the Azad Muslim Conference today.—A. P.

600 Prohibition Volunteers Resign

Congress Prohibition Board To Function From To-day

Consequent upon resignations "en masse" of members, volunteers and Guards of the Prohibition Propaganda Board, the Government of Bombay, it is understood, may in the near future, disband the Board.

Some non-Congress members of the ward committees have already tendered their resignations.

Mr. M. I. Rowjee, chairman of the "B" Ward Prohibition Propaganda Committee sent his resignation on Saturday last. Over two-hundred non-Congress members have disassociated themselves with the several ward committees.

Six hundred Volunteers and Guards have already tendered their resignations.

The Government of Bombay is watching the position.

Arrangements have now been completed by the Congress for setting up a Prohibition Board for the purpose of conducting effective anti-drink campaign in the city and "keeping the prohibition issue alive". The Board will be brought into being on Tuesday evening. A meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee convened on Tuesday will discuss all the plans and announce the Board's personnel. Propaganda campaign is expected to be launched almost immediately.

It is likely that a separate volunteer organisation will be undertaken for putting into effect the propaganda plans drawn up by the Board.

NO BELLIGERENT RIGHTS INVOLVED

China Protests Against Britain's Closing Of Burma Route

CALCUTTA, July 21.

The following statement by a spokesman of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Nationalist Government of China, has been released to the "United Press" by the Chinese Consul General in Calcutta:—

"Despite repeated representations made by the Chinese Government regarding transport through Burma route, the British Government accepted the demands of Japan by consenting to suspend for a specified period of time the route in question for transit of certain kinds of articles to China. The Chinese Government cannot but view with the gravest concern the decision taken by the British Government.

TRANSIT THROUGH BURMA

"It goes without saying that the continued maintenance of transit through Burma is of special importance to China's struggle against aggression. By complying with Japan's demands Britain has given immense benefit to the aggressor.

"The Burma route is not only an important channel for China's communication with outside world but also an artery of commerce in which many countries have vital interest. The free use, therefore, of the Burma route should not be considered as merely a question concerning China and Burma but should be viewed as an international issue involving especially those countries having large commercial interest in the Far East.

"As regards the legal aspects of the question the position of the British Government is untenable.

BRITISH DECISION UNJUSTIFIABLE

"Japan is engaged in an undeclared war of aggression against China and therefore cannot properly make use of any belligerent rights recognised by international law. Even if Japan acquired the full status of a belligerent her rights would be limited to visiting and searching neutral vessels and capturing contraband on high seas or in the territorial waters of the enemy, effectively blockading the enemy sea ports and other actions sanctioned by well established rules of warfare.

"In the light of these indisputable principles of international law, the decision of the British Government to suspend the use of the Burma route for transport of certain kinds of goods to China is already unjustifiable.

"Trade relations between China and Burma have rested and still rest on certain treaties concluded between China and Great Britain in the latter part of 19th century. These treaties contain definite stipulations concerning maintenance and development of trade routes between China and Burma.

WEAKENING CHINA'S POWER

"According to the resolutions adopted by the League of Nations in regard to Sino-Japanese conflict all member States are obliged to refrain from taking any action which might have effect of weakening China's power of resistance and time of increasing her difficulties, in the present conflict and to consider how they can individually extend aid to China. Closing of the Burma route is undoubtedly calculated according to Japanese plan to weaken China's power of resistance and prevent extension of aid to China by other powers.

STRUGGLE AGAINST ODDS.

No greater mistake would be committed than to suppose that with her sea routes of commerce interrupted, China would be compelled to sue for peace and accept whatever demands might be dictated by Japan. Never for one moment have we been disheartened. Our long campaign of armed resistance has been an unprecedented struggle against heavy odds and under immense difficulties. Three years' bitter experience has taught us at least one thing; harder we fight and longer we endure, nearer will be our goal and better assured will be our victory. We will fight on whatever may befall us. We are confident we will win whether we are betrayed or not."—United Press.

EXPLOITATION OF VILLAGERS MUST END

TIRUCHENGODE, July 20.

Poverty and fear are the two fundamental problems that stare us in the face every time we approach Indian villages, observed Dr. T. S. S. Rajan, Former Minister, inaugurating the third South Indian Rural Workers' Conference here.

He emphasised that the whole of the village economy had to be reconstituted with a view to removing any kind of exploitation of the villager. The villagers, he added, should be taught to be brave and to defend their rights. It is here that non-violent resistance becomes the remedy.

Dr. P. Subbaroyan presided

Exploits Of Charlie Chan — Hollywood Murder — By Alfred Andriola

AS THE TIME APPROACHES FOR RETAKING THE SCENE IN WHICH NORDA NOLL WAS SHOT, AN ATMOSPHERE OF UNEASINESS HOVERS OVER THE STUDIO LOT...
I SHOULD BE NERVOUS, BUT WITH YOU AND CHARLIE HERE, KIRK—
ATTA GIRL, HONEY! YOU'RE DOING A LOT BETTER THAN LUGO MANCE!
MY NERVES ARE LIKE ELECTRIC WIRES!
I FEEL JITTERY MYSELF! I WISH THIS SCENE WERE IN THE CAN!
DETECTIVE CASEY—YOU ARE POSITIVE THE STUDIO IS CLOSED UP LIKE A BANK VAULT? YOUR MEN ARE WATCHING EVERYTHING CLOSELY?
FAITH, AN' ARE THEY WATCHIN', MR. KORNWELLER! NOT EVEN A MOSQUITO WOULD DARE TRY TO DRAW BLOOD AROUND HERE!
Alfred Andriola
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
SCRIP

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